AMMAN (J.T.) — Snow fell Friday in some areas in Amman and southern Jordan and the weather bureau said the country has been in a deep depression with freezing temperatures. The areas most affected by snowfall were Sweileh, Ibeihe. Sbmeisani and the Shobak mountains in the south, the bureau said. The bureau predicted cloudy weather for Saturday with snowfall in billy areas. but added that the snowfall will cease towards mid-morning

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Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanou 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

Badran urges officials to mark Arbor Day

AMMAN (Petra) --- Prime Minister Mudar Badran bas instructed all government officials to participate effectively in the celebrations marking Arbor Day which will coincide on Saturday, Jan. 15. In a circular issued Thursday, the prime minister said that although Arbor Day is not a public holiday. government officials should participate in the celebrations by helping in tree planting on a wide scale together with secondary school and private and public institute students.

Syria suspicious about Lebanese, Israeli agreement

DAMASCUS (R) - Syria reacted with suspicion Friday to the agreement between Lebanon and Israel on an agenda for talks on the withdrawal of Israeli troops from Lebanese territory and future relations between the two countries. State-run Damascus Radio presented the agreement. reached Thursday, as the result of pressure on Lebanon by the United States and declared that the conditions which Israel was imposing for its withdrawal intringed Lebanese sovereignty. The newspaper of the ruling Baath Party charged that there was "a new plot ainting to turn Lebanon into an American military protectorate in the light of the Lebanese-Israeli agreement."

Perez de Cuellar asks for renewal of UNIFIL mandate

UNITED NATIONS (R) - U.N. Sceretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar Friday recommended a renewal of the mandate of the U.N. Interim Force in Lebanon (UNIFIL), whose current threemonth term expires next Wednesday. In a report to the Security Council, which is due to meet early next week, he did not say how long the new mandate should last. But he noted that the Lebanese government had asked for a six-month renewal while Israel had urged that it be limited to only repor three months. Mr. Perez de Cuellar said withdrawal of the 6.286-man force from southern Lebanon before the Lebanese government's own security forces could take over would be a serious blow to the early restoration of the government's authority there.

Israel said aiding S. African guerrillas

LISBON (R) - Israeli military experts have been sent to Namibia South West Africa) to train guerrillas opposed to the Angolan government: the official Angolan News Agency Angop said Friday. It said the experts were training guernilas of the main Angolan rebel movement, UNITA, in the purthern part of Namibia adjoining Angola. They were helping to train armed bands that South Africa had been infiltrating into Angola, it said, but gave no details about the size of the mission or when it arrived. The allegation appeared in a long Angop editorial expressing concern at Israel's success in testoring diplomatic links with the African continent -- reference to Angola's northern neighbour, Zaire.

Zimbabwe's oil pipeline resumes operations

HARARE (R) - A 288 kilometre oil pipeline between Muzambique and Zimbabwe fras resumed operations after being sabotaged last month, informed werees said Friday. They said supplies of diesel started to flow on Wednesday and petrol was flowing Friday to relieve the worst fuel crisis suffered by landlocked Zimbabwe. The pipeline, source of 70 percent of Zimbahwe's fuel. was knocked out on Dec. 8 when saboteurs biew up storage tanks and feeder pipes at Beira, on the Indian Ocean coast. Mozambique blamed the destruction on South Africae commandos. It created chronic shortages in Zimbabwe. with petrol queues for up to three

Lebanon, Israel agree on what to talk about

TEL AVIV (R) - Israeli and Lebanese negotiators tackling the problem of relations between their countries have agreed what to talk about, but have still to decide how to do it, officials said Friday.

American and Israeli officials said the delegations would spend the weekend consulting their governments on procedure before resuming talks in the Lebanese coastal village of Khalde on Mon-

Israel and Lebanon broke a three-week deadlock Thursday by accepting an American compromise to discuss an Israeli military withdrawal from Lebanon and

other subjects concurrently. "We have agreed what to talk about. It shouldn't be a problem deciding how to talk, its mechanics." an American delegate to the negoriations said Friday.

Israeli officials did not present the procedural question as a stumbling block and said a possible solution would be for subcommittees to tackle each agenda

The Israeli delegation conferred Friday with Prime Minister Menachem Begin and members of the cabinet committee which is overseeing the negotiations.

U.S. special envoy Philip Habib, sent back to the Middle East to speed the withdrawal of foreign forces from Lebanon, stayed on in Israel following a meeting Thursday with Mr. Begin.

The newspaper Yedlot Aharanot reported Mr. Habib wanted a pullback of foreign

BONN (R) — Arab League secretary-general Cbad)i Klibi

Friday urged the European Com-

munity to recognise the Palestine

Liberation Organisation (PLO),

which he said would create a

favourable climate for peace talks.

official lunch after talks with West

German Foreign Minister Hans-

Dietrich Genscher, president of

the community's council of minis-

right-wing parties announced

agreement on the formation of a

new coalition government after a

bitter feud which almost broke up

The agreement was announced

at the end of a meeting between

the leaders of the three alliance

parties, the first since the coalition

suffered a major setback in mid-

The alliance said in a statement

with President Antonio Ramalho ernment.

term elections last Dec. 12.

their three-year-old alliance.

Mr. Klibi was speaking at an

forces--Israeli, Syrian and Palestinian-to start on Feb. 12. There was no confirmation of this.

Mr. Habib left Israel Friday for Beirut. The U.S. embassy in the Lebanese capital confirmed his arrival there, but would give no details of his programme.

Sources close to the Lebanese negotiating team said they expected to talks to make only slow progress. They said Lebanon was forming sub-committees to tackle the various items on the

After settling the agenda Thursday, Israeli and Lebanese negotiators first discussed the topic of ending the state of war. A senior Israeli official stressed Friday Israel wanted a definite declaration from Lebanon that a state of war no longer exists beteen the two countries. Most Arab states have never issued such

Apart from troop withdrawal. the two sides also agreed to negotiate a framework for mutual relations, covering commercial ties, communications and an end to hostile propaganda, and security arrangements for South Lebanon

Israel invaded South Lebanon last June with the stated goal of driving out Palestinian com-

He told guests: "Our aston-

ishment grows when we see how

certain states still hesitate and

refuse to recognise the PLO.

although the PLO is the sole

legitimate representative of the

Mr. Genscher condemned

Israel's policy of establishing Jew-

ish settlements in the West Bank

as a violation of international law

and renewed the European Com-

mally propose the appointment of

former Education Minister Vnor

alliance until Saturday to reach

agreement on replacing the

cabinet of Prime Minister Fran-

cisco Pinto Balsemao, who res-

igned on Dec. 19 because of dis-

decide whether the coalition is

It is now up to Gen. Eanes to

The president had given the

Crespo as prime minister.

putes in the alliance.

Palestinian people."

LISBON IR) - Portugal's ruling Eanes as soon as possible to for-

that it would ask for an audience visolid enough to form another gov-

Klibi urges European Community to recognise PLO

Portuguese alliance parties agree on coalition



His Majesty King Hussein receives the head of the Lebanese Parliamentary delegation 'Amin Al Hafez' at the Royal Court Thursday (Petra photo).

1 killed, 2 injured by gunmen in Tripoli

TRIPOLI, Lebanon (R1 — Gunmen opened fire from a car. killing one person and wounding two, in the north Lebanese port of Tripoli Friday despite a six-day old ceasefire between pro-and anti-Syrian armed factions.

Security sources said a Syrian oldier was one of the two people wounded in the attack close to the ity centre.

In a separate incident, men threw a grenade and fired shots in a public park but nobody was hurt. About 250 people were killed and 1,000 injured in a month of fighting between the rival factions which ended on Sunday.

Syrian troops have controlled the area around Tripoli since they intervened to end the Lebanese said.

munity's call for Palestinian self-

In an apparent reference to the

European Parliament's call for the

state, the West German foreign

minister said it was up to the Pales-

tinians to decide bow the right to

self-determination should be

A foreign ministry statement

said Mr. Genscher made clear

The three parties Friday expre-

ssed full support for professor

Crespo's government and said it

was the best solution for demo-

crats, Monarchists and Christian

Democrats has been in power

The coalition managed earlier

this week to put together a new

government after four weeks of

stormy debate, but Thursday the

Social Democrats accused their

partners of having reneged on the

The alliance of Social Demo-

establishment of a Palestinian

determination.

Lebanese police, assigned to enforce the ceasefire but badly short of men, were having problems trying to remove barricades in an area of town controlled by a powerful anti-Syrian group, the sources said.

They said bulldozers removed barricades in one part of the city. But in the district of Bab El Tebbaneh, a slum area of battlescarred tenement blocks, gunmen of the "Islamic unification movement" refused to allow their fortifications to be dismantled.

Police set up positions in some of the other battlezones but were able to send only mobile patrols into Bab El Tebbaneh, the sources

there would be no new European

Community initiative on the Mid-

dle East during Bonn's six-month

try to encourage peace moves stemming from the Arab League's

Fez peace plan and President

Reagan's plan for a settlement giv-

ing the Palestinians self-

government in association with

The row threatened to split the

alliance, but the three party lead-

ers agreed to bury their dif-

ferences at Friday's meeting only

24 bours before the expiry of Pres-

Gen. Eanes has long been in

has resisted pressure to call carly

general elections, arguing that the

ident Eanes' deadline.

Jordan, he said.

lustead, the community would

presidency of the community.

Soviets back **Palestinian** ties with Jordan

MOSCOW (Petra) - Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) leader Yasser Arafat said that Soviet leaders have expressed their approval for anything that is acceptable to the Palestinian people, including confederal relations between Jordan and the Pales-

Mr. Arafat said in a press conference here on Thursday that he had acquainted the Soviet leaders with the nature of the Palestinian-Jordanian relations. He said he explained to the Soviet leadership the desire of His Majesty King Hussem and the PLO that these relations be confederal after the approval of the Jordanian and Palestinian people through a referendum.

Asked about the PLO view on ways to settle the Middle East crisis and a just solution of the Palestinian issue. Mr. Arafat said the Arab peace plan approved by the Fez summit is, from the Arab point of view and by Arab consensus, the best ways to reach a just, comprehensive and durable peace in the Middle East.

Mr. Arafat said the plan was approved by China and considered positive by France and was greatly welcomed in Moscow when the committee of seven visited the Soviet Union.

Mr. Arafat described bis talks with Soviet leader Yuri Andropov on Wednesday as positive, con-structive and fruitful. He said several issues were discussed, particularly the current developments in the Middle East, foremost the Israeli aggression against the Palestinian and Lebanese people.

Mr. Arafat said that the Soviet conflict with the alliance. But he leadership affirmed its consistent and permanent stand in supporting the Palestinian people's economy and Portugal's efforts to ust cause, including their right to enter the European Community self-determination and the establrequire a quick solution to the ishment of their independent

President Amin Gemayel, in a telephone call Thursday, briefed His Majesty King Hussein on the progress of talks between Lebuand prosperous Lebanon. non and Israel aimed at with-drawal of Israeli forces from

on withdrawal talks

Gemayel briefs Hussein res

Lebanon. President Gemayel affirmed to the King, Lebanon's deter-mination to uphold its national unity as well as persistent work to

AMMAN (Petral - Lebanese

spread its sovereignty on all its national soil and to cooperate with the Arab Nation out of belief in Arab solidarity. President Gemayel expressed

his thanks and grathude for the efforts the King made in explaining the dimensions of the Israeli aggression on Lebanon and ending the Israeli occupation as well as helping Lebanon regain its security and stability.

King Hussein affirmed to the Lebanese president Jordan's absolute support of Lebanon and the intensive efforts President Gemayel is making to insure Israel's withdrawal. The King expressed confidence that Lebanon would be able to overcome its current predicament.

King receives delegation

Meanwhile, King Hussein received at the Royal Court on Thursday evening the Lebanese parliamentary delegation under chairman of the foreign relations committee at the Lebanese chamber of Deputies Amin Al Hafez, who conveyed a message from President Gemayel dealing with the situation in Lebanon and the progress of the negotiations on the withdrawal of the Israeli forces from Lebanon.

The King affirmed to the Lebanese delegation that Jordan supports the Lebanese people in their effort to preserve their independence and territorial integrity and to spread state sovereignty on all Lebanon.

King Hussein expressed his con-

fidence that the Lebanese people? would be able to overcome difficulties and build an independent

The meeting was attended by Chief of the Royal Court Ahmad Al Lawzi, National Consultative Council (NCC) Speaker Suleiman Arar and the Lebanese ambassador in Amman.

Mr. Arar gave a dinner banquet on Thursday evening in bonour of Mr. Al Hafez and his delegation. The banquet was attended by Mr. Lawzi, ministers, NCC members and the Lebanese ambassador in

Mr. Al Hafez and bis delegation arrived in Amman on Thursday morning for a two-day visit to Jordan. Upon his arrival, in a statement to the Jordanian News Agency, Petra, Mr. Al Hafez said be is bappy that his delegation is beginning its Arab tour by visiting Jordan which we pin a great hope;

on in coping with matters threatening our future. He added that the delegation is empowered by President Gemayel to explain to the Arab beads of state the current situation in Lebanon and the developments and problems which Lebanon has been confronting for years. These problems reached their tragic elimax by the Israeli occupation of Lebanon, and this should prompt us to make a real effort to regain

our sovereignty over our lands. Mr. Al Hafez said the developments in Lebanon were the results of the interaction of the developments in the area. While getting rid of the Israeli occupation and regaining our sovereignty is mainly our responsibility as Lebanese, it is also an Arab responsibility because these developments can be traced back to the roots of the Middle East

Mr. Al Hafez said King Hussein spared no effort in supporting Lebanon and that the Lebanese people know that the King is sympathetic with their problem.

Italian workers protest against austerity measures

unrest gathered pace throughout tem of indexed pay increases at Italy Friday as thousands of work- the end of the month. ers went on strike to protest against stalled wage negotiations measures.

The strikes set the stage for a employers, unions and the government and anticipated a general strike called by the main CGIL-CISL-UIL labour confederation for next Tuesday.

Port workers downed tools for four hours throughout the country. Hospital doctors also stopped work and threatened further action to press pay claims.

In Milan, heart of the industrial nonb, thousands of metal workers blocked the gates of about 1,000 factories. Their banners proclaimed: "The wage escalator must not be changed against the workers and unions."

The employers confederation Confindustria took a hard line on labour costs Thursday, con-firming it will pull out of the exist-

ROME (R) - A wave of labour ing "scala mobile" [escalator) sys-

The industrialists say the "scala mobile" is erodine Italy's comand new government austerity petitiveness and want to replace he current system of flat rate indexation with a flexible system three-way showdown between allowing for productivity incen-The unions, which regard the

"scala mobile" as a symbol of their gains in recent years, insist workers' three-year contracts must be negotiated before they tackle the delicate issue of indexation. The government says it will a

make its own proposals later this month if the unions and employers fail to agree.

New government austerity measures further enraged workers facing thinner pay packets because of Confidustria's stand.

The four-party coalition oll Christian Democratic Prime Minister Amintore Fanfani, 74, is aiming to save 15,000 billion line (\$11 billion) by increasing taxes

and cutting spending.

Moscow accuses Peking of blocking progress towards better ties

blocking progress towards better relations by raising claims on Soviet territory and using the issue to generate hatred of Moscow.

A commentary in the weekly magazine New Times said China had stepped up the publication of . articles attacking the Soviet Union on the border question and said this stood in glaring contrast to statements that China wanted puntated ties.

The commentary was carried in TASS, indicating it was an expression of Kremin policy. But it appeared to be not so much an attack on Peking as a means of setting out a Soviet counterdemand for concessions in the process towards mending Sino-Soviet relations after two decades

of strain. China has already set three demands of its own: That Moscow should end its intervention in Afghanistan and its support for Vietnamese forces in Kampuchea, and that it should withdraw troops

from the Chinese border. The Soviet Union has until now made no such specific counter-

MOSCOW (R) — The Soviet claims, but Western diplomats Union accused China Friday of said the New Times article was

evidently formulating one. They said Moscow probably disliked being purely on the defensive and wanted to put forward an issue on which it could demand that China take action.

Talks on improving ties are duc to be resumed in Moscow in March, it was announced in Peking Friday. China has long claimed that

about 1.5 million square kilometres of its territory are full by the official news agency occupied by the Soviet Union under unequal treaties imposed by the Tsar last ceotury. For much of the 1960s and

1970s this issue was one of the main sources of tension between the two countries and there were armed clashes on the border.

However, in the past two years Chinese leaders have dropped the territory issue as a precondition for improved relations and said they are ready to recognise Soviet sovereignty over the disputed

Diplomats said the New Times commentary was clearly seizing on an artificial issue rather than reacting to what Moscow regarded as a

cracy and stability.

since January 1980.

The commentary said China was increasing the circulation of articles and maps that laid claim to the disputed territories and included hostile accusations that the Soviet Union had seized them.

Such publications "do not tally either with the historical truth or with efforts towards normalising Soviet-Chinese relations, and they cannot but impede the clearing away of the accretions of the past," the commentary said.

It was difficult to understand how Peking could say it wanted better ties when it was using these materials "to inculcate in schoolchildren and the rising generation in China a feeling of hatred towards the USSR.'

The commentary said the Soviet Union was ready to resume border talks with China, which were suspended in 1978. But while Peking had once been very keen for them to resume, it had now apparently lost interest.

The magazine suggested that Peking was trying to keep the territory question alive in order to wreek moves towards rapprochement at any time the Chinese leaders felt like it.

is that the Chinese side is keeping the border issue in reserve as a ready-made expedient for retarding the process of normalisation."

Chinese complaints about the disputed territories were totally without foundation. The areas, to the northeast of Peking around Khabarovsk and on the Western edge of China, had never been part of the Chinese state nor peopled by ethnic Chinese.

Moscow had renounced all unequal treaties with Peking and

which could ever be subject to discussion, the magazine said, even if talks on the exact run of the frontier were welcome.

We in our country clearly cannot ignore the tendentious treatment in China of the history of Russian-Chinese relations and the fact that... it is projected at substantiating patently unfounded territorial claims on the USSR.

"This is a question of fundamental importance that calls for an appropriate answer and elucidatioo," it added.

The Embassy of Japan announces with profound sorrow that His Excellency Keiichi Tachibana, ambassador of Japan, passed away in Tokyo on Jan. 14, and that the register of condolences will be open at the ambassador's residence at Jabai Amman Fourth Circle, on Jan. 15, 16 and 17, from 9:30 a.m. to 12:30 p.m.

THE

Jordan Times

has moved its offices to a new building, about 200 metres west of the Jordan Press Foundation, Al Rai.

The new JURDAN TIMES Telephone numbers are:

> 666266 666320

University Road ←

Jordan Times

Al Ra'i

Panorama Rest.

Abu Nowar reports on Mogadishu meeting of culture, youth ministers

AMMAN (Petra) - Minister of Culture and Youth Ma'an Abu Nowar returned to Amman Thursday after participating in a meeting of Arab culture and youth ministers held in the Somali cap-

ital, Mogadishu.
Mr. Ahu Nowar told the Jorla danian News Agency, (Petra) that ni the meeting approved a number of mi regulations and organisational charts after introducing suitable ammendments dealing with Arab sports tournaments, Arab youth festivals and the Arab fund for youth institutions and their activities.

The executive committee of the ministers council has been enlarged upon a resolution by the fe meeting to include nine members. O with the Arab League head-w quarters in Tunis as its permanent offices, Mr. Abu Nowar said.

A decision to grant an aid of 2' \$1.25 million to Sudan for halding a youth camp, and \$1 million to Somalia to set up youth iostitutions was made at the meeting.

AMMAN (Petra) - A meeting,

held Thursday at the Amman

Chamber of Commerce under the

chairmanship of Transport Minis-

ter Ali Suheimat, discussed var-

ious regulatioos governing axial

loads of vehicles on Jordan's roads

and a proposal of increase these

loads by 25 per ceot above the

Another major topic discussed

at the meeting was rescheduling of

loan repayments by Jordanian

owners of trucks with foreign

The meeting was attended by Transport Ministry officials, the

chairman and members of the

board of directors of the Amman

Chamber of Commerce, the

secretary-general of the fed-

eration of Jordanian Chambers of

Commerce, representatives of

shipping agents, clearing com-

panies, and other concerned

Lihalls, stairways and windows.

inions and organisations.

current loads allowed.



Minister of Culture and Youth Ma'n Abu Nowar (right) who returned Thursday from Mogadishu

Mr. Abu Nowar said.

News Agency, Petra (Petra photo)

axial loads of vehicles on Jordan's roads (Petrs

Meeting discusses axial load regulations

aid for establishing youth centres The meeting also approved a for Palestinians in places of their decision to extend support to resideoce, Mr. Ahu Nowar said. North Yemen and offer financial Another decision to hold the sixth

Arab sports touroament io Morocco was also adopted by the meeting. Mr. Abu Nowar con-

Abdul Jaber to attend Asian labour conference

AMMAN (Petra) - Labour Ministry Uoder-Secretary Taysir Abdul Jaber leaves Amman Saturday for Tokyo to attend the ninth Asian labour ministers cooference scheduled to be held there

Dr. Abdul Jaber said that among the topics on the agenda of the three-day cooference are development and employment of manpower, labour safety, and technical and regional cooperation in manpower.

Dr. Abdul Jaber explained that Jordan will submit to the cooference a working paper dealing with the employment situation in Jordan and aspects of cooperation with other participating countries.

The conference, expected to be attended by all Arab countries in Asia, will also discuss distribution of seats of the board of directors of the International Labour Organisation (ILO) among the Asian group, Dr. Abdul Jaber said.

Malhas, Sharkas discuss health documentation

AMMAN (Petra) — Minister of Health Zuhair Malhas Thursday discussed with Department of Libraries, Documeotation and National Archives (DLDNA) Director-General Ahmad Sharkas plans for a national centre for the documentation of information and data concerning health in Jordan using modern scientific

Dr. Sharkas said preparations are under way for collecting data and classifying information avail-able at the Ministry of Health.

The present step comes in compliance with the setting up of a regional bealth documentation centre in cooperation with other Arab countries.

GSD to open new training course on family surveys

AMMAN (Petra) — General Statistics Department (GSD) Director-General Burhan Al Shraideh Saturday opens at the Jordanian Statistical Training Centre a training course for family surveys, organised by the Baghdad-based Arab centre for statistical training and research.

The five-week course will include lectures and field activities under the supervision of local and international experts of the Arab centre and the U.N. Economic. Committee for West Asia

Representatives of Iraq, Somalia, Tunisia, the Yemen Arab Republic, the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen, Saudi Arabia, Libya, Sudan, the United Arab Emirates, Qatar, Syria, Jordan and the Council of Arah Economic Unity (CAEU) are expected to attend the course.

The GSD has prepared a special programme for the participants in the course, including visits to his-toric and tourist sites and scientific research centres in Jordan.

This is the ninth course organised in Jordan by the Arab ceotre in cooperation with the GSD.

New patrols on roads to

the necessary arrangements to station sufficient police patrois on roads leading to the Jordan Valley, it was announced Thursday. The aim of the measure is to ensure the safety of citizens who travel on the Na'our-Wadi Shu'ayb-Al Aridah roads on holi-



Mr. Amin Al Hafez (centre), leader of a Lebanese parliamentary delegation is received Thursday by National Consultative Council (NCC) Speaker

Saleiman Arar (to Mr. Hafez' left) and NCC Deputy Speaker Abdul Raouf Al Rawabdeh (Petra photo

Police nab 2 burglars police have arrested two burglars,

who, oo interrogation, confessed of baving committed a oumber of thefts in various parts of Amman. Police Wednesday broke into

the residence of the arrested thieves and found a large number of stolen tape recorders, televisioo sets, cameras, Jordanian as well as foreign currencies, cheque books, blankets, necklaces, electric appliances, a pistol and bullets.
Police estimated the stolen goods at JD 5,000.

One of the thieves, a 22year-old former coostruction worker from the West Bank, specialised in robbing homes of Egyptian workers, police inter-

rogations revealed. He used to force open the bouses of the workers and spirit away all valuables found inside and sell them, police said.

He later joined with the other criminal, a 24-year-old, who bad

Japanese ambassador dies

Fourth Circle from 9.30 a.m. and 12.30 p.m.

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Japanese ambassador to Jordan, Keiichi Tachibana, died in Tokyo Friday, the Japanese

embassy in Amman announced. The embassy said the book of condolences will be open at the ambassador's residence in

NEWS IN BRIEF

AMMAN (J.T.) - A statistical bulletin recently issued by the

University of Jordan registration department says that the number of graduates since the university was established up to the end of the summer semester of 1981/82 totalled 13,157 and

studeots with diploma (two years of university) totalled 1,589.

Fifty-four students were graduated with diploma in library science, 64 students with diploma in mass communications, and 389

Adnan Badran back from Khartoum

AMMAN (Petra) - Yarmouk University President Adnan Bad-

ran returned to Amman Thursday after participating in a meeting

of the Union of Arab Universities (UAU) held in Khartoum,

Sudan. Dr. Badran said the meeting discussed the annual report

presented by the UAU Geoeral Secretariat and the annual budget

of the union. The meeting was attended by representatives of

Ministry asks for public shelter services

AMMAN (Petra) — Minister of Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Eovironmeot Hassan Al Momani has sent a circular to mun-

icipal and rural councils in the country requesting them to provide

all the necessary services for public shelters. He also requested

IRBID (Petra) — The Irbid Cooperatives Directorate has prepared a working plan for 1983 to secure services in agricultural

jand non-agricultural cooperatives sectors. The projects also aim at paying more attention to pasturelands, developing animal wealth, encouraging the processing of fodder and providing the requirements of agricultural production.

RIIRBID (Petra) — The Irbid Governorate Education Committee held a meeting Thursday to discuss the tasks of educational

Irbid prepares new working plan

Irbid reviews educational tasks

University graduates total 13,157

studeots with post-graduate degree.

AMMAN (Petra) - Al Mahatta for five years for burglary, police

Preliminary investigations indicate that the two thieves took part in all the thefts and they always carried a loaded pistol to terrorise their victims and steal what they want, police said. In most thefts, they used motorcycles to facilitate their job in stealing and disappearing quickly, according to

The second thief also confessed to the thefts the two bave committed and revealed the names of other thieves who participated with them. He also gave the name of a person who trained bim and others on methods of burglaries.

He said all in all, he has stolen goods worth JD 15,000, and gave the names of the areas where he carried out thefts in Amman and Suwelleh.

Policemen usually lay ambushes at night in various parts of Amman looking for such thieves who disturb and terrorise the public. earlier been sentenced to prison

Awqaf minister off to Mecca

AMMAN (Petra) - Minister of Awqaf and Religious Affairs Kamel Al Sharif left Amman for Saudi Arabia Thursday to participate in the meetings of the World Higher Council of Mosques' Affairs, due to open in Mecca Sunday.

Participants at the meeting are expected to review accomplished stages of recommendations and decisions made by the councils last

The meeting will also discuss reports submitted by the council's peneral secretariat and training courses it had organised.

Two studies no modern Islamic affairs and proposals by the council's members will also be con-sidered at the meeting, in addition to two reports on the activities of

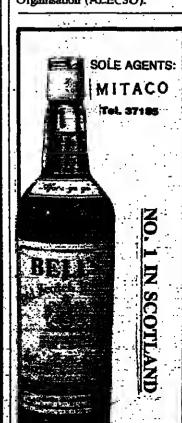
Qaddouri leaves for Kuwait

AMMAN (Petra) — Tbe secretary-general of the Council of Arab Economic Uoity (CAEU), Fakhri Qaddouri, left Amman for Kuwait Friday to participate in the meetings of seven Arab organisations scheduled to begin Saturday.

In a statement to the Jordanian news agency. Petra. Dr. Qaddouri said that the aim of the three-day meetings is to prepare for a conference of a committee to discuss joint Arab projects aimed at achieving food security in the Arab World.

Dr. Qaddouri added that the meetiog is being held in implementation of a decision made by a committee coor-dinating the activities of the Arab League and other Arab organ-

isations. The seven Arab organisations participating in the Kuwait meet-ing are the Arab League General Secretariat, the CAEU General Secretariat, the Arab Organisation for Agricultural Development, the Organisation of Arab Petroleum Exporting Countries (OAPEC), the Arab Fund for Economic and Social Development, and the Arab League Edu-cational, Cultural and Scientific Organisation (ALECSO).



GHASSAB AL-QADI CO. AND PARTNERS

Transport Minister Ali Subeimat Thursday chairs

a meeting held at the Amuzaa Chamber of Com-

merce to discuss various regulations concerning

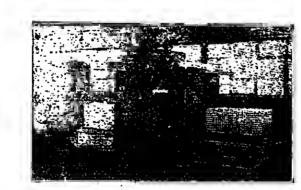
1 are pleased to announce that their products of all sizes and typas of tiles and marble are now in the market. These 1 products are manufactured by tha most modern auto-

Tiles sizes 25 X 25; 30 X 30; 40 X 40 (Jordanian and Italian

mix) Tiles size 40 X 40 (Cement tiles for pavements)

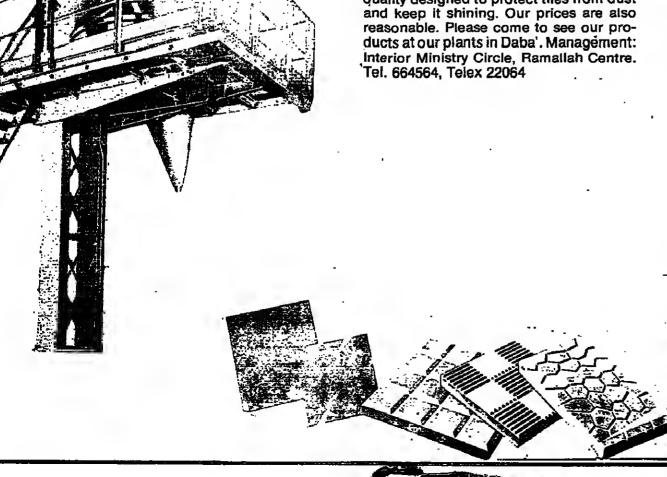
All sizes of Jordanian and Italian-made marble for walls,

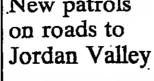
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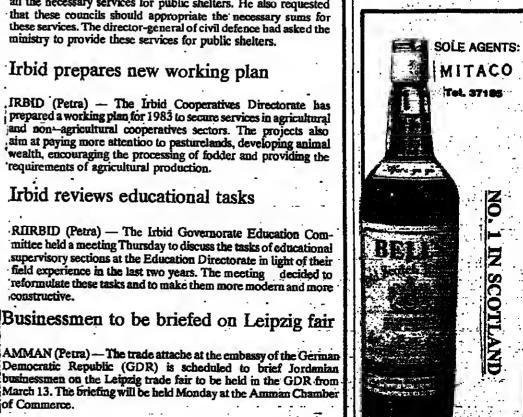




AMMAN (Petra) — The Public Security Department has made

It was adopted in consideration of the fact that many cars use these roads on bolidays, and consequently the new patrols would regulate traffic and avert accidents caused by excessive speed and reckless overtaking, a department spokesman said.

The directorate appealed to citizens using these roads to cooperate with the patrols to enable them to perform their duty.





Belgium: A paradise for exotic animal smugglers

By Peter Gumbel

BRUSSELS - Belgium has become a paradise for smugglers of exotic animals because of delay in implementing laws on wildlife protection, according to environ-

To become the proud owner of one of the last 250 mountain gorilhas in the world costs about \$30,000 and the price of a telephone call to Brussels.

For those with less extravagent tasses, \$2,000 can buy an ordinary chimpanase or a pair of wrinkled

International trade in exotic animals has been made illegal in many countries because of concern over threatened animal species, but the environmentalists say Belgian dealers openly ply their lucrative business.

In shops selling budgerigars and goldfish, they say, customers can so hangle over prices for black palm cockatoos or lion cubs.

More than 90 per cent of the animals, flown into Belgium chiefly from Africa, are allegedly exported to buyers in Europe, the United States and elsewhere, with private Belgian customers accounting for only a tiny amount of the trade coming through Brussels and Antwerp.

Some of the higgest dealers will send customers with large orders a list of animals in stock with prices in dollars.

One such list, ohtained by Reuters, contains mainly birds with colourful names to match their plumage, such as blueheaded mice birds and medium sulphur cockatoos.

Most do not come from endangered species and can be imported legally into many countries, provided they meet national standards of hygiene and care dur-

ing transport. offer, such as a \$3,200 sevenmonth-old baby cheetah, must be

smuggled illicitly into countries including the United States and Britain, according to Yves Boulpaep, Belgian director of the World Wildlife Fund.

Mr. Boulpaep says even rarer animals can be ordered, though they are not on the list. Last year he offered guidance to Dutch journalists trying to get to the heart of what has become known

as "The Belgian connection". Pretending that a wealthy West German husmessman wanted a ferocious beast to guard his castle, the journalists succeeded in buying one of the few remaining mountain gorillas.

They even managed to knock down the price from \$30,000 to \$20,000. The gorilla was eventually returned to its country of

Trade in wildlife is controlled by national laws and by a set of inter-But some of the wild animals on a national rules worked out in 1973. The Washington Convention.

as these rules are known, has 77

signatories and classifies hundreds of rare and exotic species of animals as being protected. This forbids the buying or selling of any of the animals listed.

But Mr. Boulpaep said Belgium, which has signed but not yet ratified the Washington Convention, has some of the laxest laws in Europe on wildlife pro-

A senior official at Belgium's Ministry of Agriculture, which deals with wildlife matters, told Reuters the Belgian parliament had approved two new tough laws in 1981 which were in line with requirements of the convention.

But a delay in implementing the laws by the country's conseil d'etat, the highest legislative body. meant that dealers were still almost entirely free to trade in

The official said he expected the laws to be enforced within the next few months. He gave no reason for

Meanwhile, the environmentalists say, the smugglers continue to make huge profits.

Mr. Boulpaep says he has evidence that chimpazees have been bought in Africa for about \$100 and sold for 20 times that price abroad.

Dealers have found ingenious ways of smuggling animals into countries where they are banned, often at the expense of their well-

Recently a cargo of 50 flamingoes was discovered at Brussels airport wrapped in stockings, their legs ties together and their beaks taped shut. About half of them had not survived the flight, Mr. Boulpaep said.

Last year the World Wildlife Fund helped West German border police trap a team of chimpanzee smugglers. Within three weeks, said Mr. Boulpaep, 27 chimpanzees were found in ears, concealed "in every conceivable hiding place."

| Florida manatees nearing extinction

By Peter Kiernan

MIAMI - Florida manatees, large seal-like creatures which ancient mariners probably mistook for mermaids, are in danger of dying out, thanks partly to man.

The ugly, gentle manatees once thrives in Florida's offshore waters and inland rivers. But they have declined dramatically in numbers since records were first kept six years ago, according to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.

Dying at the rate of about 100 a vear since then, they now number only about 1,000 in the United States, the service said.

Since the 1940s, manatees have been slashed to death by power boats, crushed in the locks of Florida's extensive canal systems and further eradicated by unsea-sonably cold waters and 'red tides" - occasional influxes of marine micro-organisms that are deadly to some sea life.

Experts on the placed creatures,

which cruise near the surface of the water and nihble on bottom grass and even overhanging foliage, say there is scarcely a U.S. manatee alive that does not bear scars on its back from speedboats.

In all, 123 of the creatures died from natural and man-inflicted causes last year, the highest number in any of the past six

The Florida or West Indian manatee, which can weigh up to 2,200 pound (1,000 kilogrammes) and reach a length of 11 feet (3.3 metres), is a relative of South American and African manatees.

David Peterson, manatee coordinator for the wildlife service. said the U.S. animals, believed to have a natural life span of around 50 years, range for most of the year from Mississipppi and North Carolina to Florida.

In the winter they gather in Florida in 18 known areas -- some next to nuclear power plants -where the waters are warmest. The massive, thick-skinned and

nearly hairless animals have been protected in the state since 1983 and the waters of their known hahitats are posted with speed limit signs for boaters.

But a spokesman for the Florida of marine patrol said citations for dat violationg the speed limits were ne made "almost daily."

Famous people have adopted is. the cause of the animals, and television commercials sponsored by res private groups have resulted in Olfewer deaths by power boats over he the last three years, according to he Mr. Peterson.

He said boat fatalities were an down to 21 last year from 24 the?" previous year, but this slight drop could be due merely to the fact that there were fewer manatees

Of known deaths last year, three were the result of being erushed in flood control gates, one drowned after being entangled in a shrimp net and 14 were caives that did not have the strength or protection to survive.

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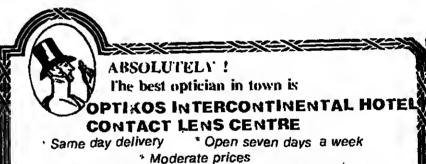
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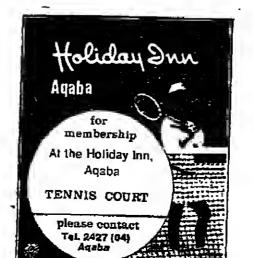
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GUEST COMMENTARY

Palestinians should decide

By Tareq Masarwah

IN THE current political moves to solve the Middle East problem, the Jordanian role is closely connected with the Palestinian role and Palestinian participation. Jordan cannot serve as a substitute for or act as a guardian of the Palestinian people despite the fact that the Jordanian-Palestinian relationship is a special one determined by both sides with their own free will. No other party has the right to object to this relationship, its form or extent, nor do others have the right to appraise this relationship within Arab or international political

ft is understood that King Hussein's visit to Washington in December was an exploratory one, during which the Americans put forth their offers for establishing peace based on U.N. Security Council Resolution 242. King Hussein returned with these offers to Jordan's i Palestinian partners for joint consideration, and for further study by them. The step was necessary before any joint, clear-cut position could be adopted.

Therefore, Jordan's only commitment is a national one -- no more no less -- and any peace ... moves at the international level can be judged only in the light of their respect of and guarantees for our sovereignty over our land and in forcing the Israelis to withdraw from our ter-

Washington is not only a superpower but it

was also the only driving force behind the Zionist invasion of Lebanon, and the sole financier of Israel's continued aggression, its settlement programmes and its repressive measures against our people in the occupied Arab ter-

Washington is also the only international umbrella for unrestrained Zionist behaviour and Israel's contempt of international law and principles.

These facts were made clear in King Hussein's statements at last week's meeting with representatives of the public and private sectors. Clarity in the Jordanian position is bound to forestall any irrational reaction by those who jump to conclusions. ft is also improper for any party to spread out harmful rumours about, or cause any harm to, the Palestinian resistance movement. We indeed wonder if there is any Arab leadership that truly represents its people as the PLO does the Palestinian people. Has any Arah people ever fought a war the way the Palestinian people did under its leadership?

We call on all parties to adhere to principles and we advocate a wait-and-see policy, but we also ought to remember that Jordan's political moves will remain committed to the Palestinian position, no more no less, because it is the Palestinians who should have the final word in their own affairs.

JORDAN'S ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i: If Moscow understands why not Arabs themselves?

Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) leader Yasser Arafat's announcement after his talks with Soviet leaders is a useful clarification of the Soviet leadership's positive stand towards the joint Jordanian-Palestinian drive. Such a stand obviously lifts the two peoples' joint effort out of international polarisation, and the possibility of incorporating it in the political struggle of the two world

This definitely is a great political gain for the Arab cause that emphasises the Arab national character. Nevertheless, it creates an appropriate climate for the Jordanian-Palestinian march to

Al Dustour: U.S. mediation helps whom and what?

The outcome of U.S. mediation in Lehanese-Israeli negotiations for ending the Israeli presence in Lebanon should be no surprise to any one. The American stand, though different from the Israeli one which demands total normalisation of relations between the two sides, does not in any way have reservations on ending the state of war between 1 Lebanon and Israel.

Although the Americans are concerned, for their Cown reasons, not to isolate Lehanon from the Arab 1World, yet the advocated U.S. directive to see peaceful relations between Israel on the one hand. and the Arabs on the other materialise makes the American argument defending their lenient medition pose at the negotiations understandable.

advance forward. Under such circumstances, the only foreign side that is opposed to the joint drive of the two peoples

ed at casting doubts upon its nature and goals, by the Israeli mass media and their accomplices. Whereas Israel has a real interest in attempting to smear the joint drive of our people, it is unlikely that such an interest actually meets with the real interest of any Arab state. Hence, we do not expect any Arab state to adopt a stand in similarity with Israeli directives regarding the Jordanian-Palestinian cohesion. The Israeli stand cannot be but what has been

is Israel. The drive for peace in the Middle East

invariably comes under tireless attacks and cam-

exposed through the negotiations. The Begin goverament's concern to translate its military sweep over Lebanon into a political victory is quite evident. This would simply make up for all the huge repugnance the outrageous Israeli invasion of Lehanon met with at the international level.

Nevertheless, the Begin argument that was initially introduced to the world and Israeli public opinion to justify the invasion under the pretext that it is aimed at securing safety for Israel, would fairly seem to materialise with the normalisation of Lebanese-Israeli relations. Still, it is the Lebanese weaknesses, and the Arah disability that have led to the present consequences.

Three years after the Soviet Union marched into Kabul

Irreversible situation in Afghanistan

By Alain Cass

The tantalising possibility of a political solution to the crisis in Afghanistan - which burst upon the world three years ago -- has evaporated only a month after it was tentatively raised by Mr. Yuri. Andropov's accession to the Kremlin leadership.

There is, as yet, no sign of the "new flexibility" of which Pres-ident Zial Ul Haq of Pakistan, spoke after meeting the new Soviet leader. On the contrary, the new Soviet regime insists that the situation in Afgbanistan is "irreversible." Mr. Babrak Karmal, the puppet Afghan leader installed at the time, echoed this in. Moscow recently.

More then 100,000 Russian troops are still fighting south of the Oxus river; so far they are believed to have suffered about 12,000 dead or wounded. The scene in the capital. Kabul, and its airport appears much as it was on that Sunday after Christmas in 1979 when the first foreign correspondents witnessed the full might of the Red Army imposing its will on a confused and angry population.

Mr. Andropov may still choose to pursue a political solution. But, for the time being, all the evidence suggests that Moscow views Afghanistan in the same light as the predominantly Muslim Soviet Asian Republics brutally subjected 60 years ago. Once external support for the gueririllas ceases, that will be the end of it, and Afghanistan will be absorbed into the Soviet empire.

After three gruelling years of trying to subdue the tough, xenophobic tribes who live in this rugged country close to the oilbearing regions of the Gulf and the warm waters of the Indian Ocean, the Russians have failed to achieve their objectives. Even Russian diplomats releuctantly admit that the military situation is now one of "rough stalemate."

Rough stalemate

The Russians control the capital, Kabul, and most of the provincial towns much of the time. They are able to keep their lines of communication open, at least in the day, assuring a continued flow of natural gas from Afghanistan to the Soviet Union and some movement of goods. The resistance controls most of the countryside, keeps up a steady harassment of Russian and Afghan army convoys on the major highing number of terrorist attacks within the big towns, including Kabul itself.

The day-to-day war consists mostly of small incidents with limited scasualnes on both sides punctuated by the odd major engagement such as the recent battles for the Panjshir Valley. east of Kabul, in which repeated assaults by large numbers of Russian ground and airborne troops backed by armour, artillery and gunship belicopters failed to dislodge guerrilla strongholds. There have been some notable Russian successes, but not many.

Since the invasion, which was conducted on conventional lines. employing airborne units, tanks and classic infantry assault tactics, Russian forces in Afghanistan have switched to emphasise helicopter attacks, the use of small, fast, highly mobile units, the use of tanks as artillery support

much greater degree of decentralisation in command structures. The counter-insurgency tactics which are now evident appear to owe something to the American experience in Vietnam. This is espeically true of the widespread use of the Mi-24 Hind D gunship helicopter. Small, mobile engineering units are widely used to mine passes into Pakistan, while flame-tbrower lanks are employed to flush out guerrillas

from caves in mountain areas

solution is the U.N. formula which calls for a withdrawal of Russian troops, the restoration of an independent and non-aligned armed training camps do exist Afghanistan, the right of selfdetermination of the Afghan people and the return of the refugees.

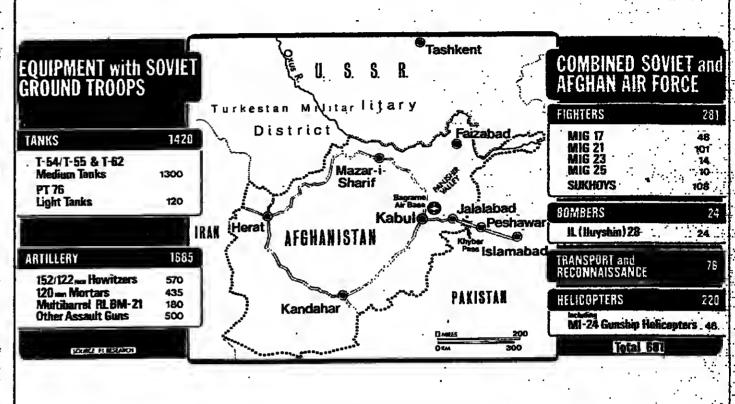
In fact this is a Utopian idea, and both Pakistan and the Afghan resistance have come to accept that any regime in Kabul would have to be sympathetic to Moscow, while the Russians now understand that governing Afghanistan without the consent

Despite Pakistani denials, near the Afghan border, and truckloads of arms can be seen crossing into Afghanistan under the noses of frontier guards. A prolonged war of attrition could easily erupt into open frustration. "The future leaders of the resistance will emerge from the trenches. It's as simple and as complicated as that," says one observer in Peshawar.

and balf a million and monning 'hot pursuit" raids into Pakistan to strike at rebel and refugee bases. For the present, this seems unlikely. It might provoke a response from China and a total trade embargo from the West. It would dramatically worsen Soviet relations with the Islamic and

prove prohobitively expensive. Finally, it would do nothing to enhance the Soviet Union's strategic position because, despite American concern to the contrary,

Third World and may, in any case.



where snipers are admitted to be a serious problem.

Blood-fend

One of the most frustrating Russian failures in Afghanistan has been the inability to establish the writ of the Karmal regime and achieve a truce between the two principal factions of the ruling People's Democratic Party. This deep-seated and characteristically Afghan blood-feud dates back to the late 1960s. The present Afghan leader heads the so-called Parcham faction while his predecessor, who was overthrown and killed when the Russians headed the numerically superior Khalqi faction. These problems are compounded by large-scale defections to the rebels from the Afghan army which is now down from its theoretical strength of 100,000 to well below half that number. Afghan army defectors will switch sides because of tribal. ethnic, regional or religious affili-

This mosaic of loyalties also bedevils the Mujahideen -- the guerrillas -- who have made virtually no progress in the past three years in forging a united political front to negotiate a settlement, if it ever came to that, or in coordinating their military activities. These fundamental characteristics of the Afeban resistance -- its fractiousness and its intensely Islamic character - could ultimately prove to be the most difficult obstacles to a political solution. The only existing basis for such a

of at least most of its disperate tribes is impossible. That much progress has been made. A solution, therefore, involving a phased withdrawal of Russian troops with a return of the refugees and a pro-Moscow coalltion in Kabul, theoretically, be possible. In reality, this seems highly unlikely. All attempts to unite the rebels have so far failed.

None of the factions has what might remotely be described as a political programme. Feudalism is both the bond and the barrier. Even if Iran, Pakistan and Kabul could find a workable compromise, the chances that they could carry the rebels with them

The fact that Islam is the chief inspiration, of the resistance is also likely to be seen by Moscow as a major disincentive to pull out. Said one East European observer: The Russians could live with a Western-style coalitinn in Kabul because they believe it would only be a matter of time before they undermined it and took it over. But a hard-line ideological, Islamic state - another Khomeini on their southern border -- would be unacceptable."

Sbort of a quick settlement or a withdrawal, Mr. Andropov is now faced with two choices. The first is to escalate the war in an effort to "win." This would mean a major new commitment, increasing troop levels to between 250,000

there is little evidence to suggest : that the Russians have been building up their position in Afghanistan to push on towards the oil-rich Gulf. The second option is to carry on much as before while exploring the possibilities of a political solution. There is little evidence to suggest that the cost of the war is proving too hard to bear for the Kremlin. While the Russians cannot beat the resistance, the rebels can't win either. A change in policy in Moscow may come under Mr. Andropov. For the time being, however, as one guerrilla leader said, "we are still very much in the military phase."

Mounting debts, inflation and falling output

1983 seems to be another tough year for Latin America

By Leslie Miller

BUENOS AIRES — After 12 months of almost unrelieved gloom on the economic front, Latin America faces another tough year in 1983, with only the slightest glimmer of better things to come. The region's economies suffered their worst year for four decades in 1982 amid mounting debts, feverish inflation and falling output. But senior Latin American economic officials are cautiously optimistic that 1983 will be a better year.

As the world economy starts to move slowly out of recession, demand for Latin America's commodities should rise. The debt crises surrounding Argentina, Brazil and Mexico appear well on the way to being resolved, at least temporarily, and this should encourage banks to make new loans to the cash-starved region, economists say. These factors together with a new realism reflected in the tough austerity measures introduced in many countries to deal with their economic difficulties at least offer the prospect of some improvement, banking sources

Output as measured by gross national product fell one per cent in Latin America last year, according to United Nations figures, and this in an area where the pressure of rising populations requires strong economic growth just to keep unemployment in check. Inflation rose to a record 80 per cent overall. In Argentina, prices jumped 200 per cent, while in Brazil and Peru the rate came within a whisker of 100 per cent.

According to a report by the United Nations Economic Commission for Latin America (UNECLA), high international interest rates and the world recession were responsible for a 10 per cent fall in Latin American export income last year.

At the same time, government policies to control soaring inflation and reduce foreign borrowing cut dc.nestic demand and drove

trade surplus of \$8.8 billion, compared with only \$600 million in

But even this bonus was swallowed up by the cost of servicing international debts which, according to UNECLA, took 40 per cent of the region's combined export earnings last year.

Tight stretch

The region's total foreign debts rose seven per cent to nearly \$300 billion. The burden on Mexico. Brazil and Argentina, which between them owe around \$200 billion, became so great that they were forced to turn to the International Monetary Fund (IMF)

for belp. Now with the worst of the debt crisis over as a result of a concerted international rescue involving the IMF, the U.S. treasury and central and commercial banks, bankers say new funds should begin to flow into the region, at least to those countries regarded as most creditworthy.

Even so, bankers are concerned that smaller borrowers in the area such as Venezuela and Peru are stretched too tightly. And there has been little progress reported in negotiations on the foreign debt problems of Ecuador and Bolivia. Economists note that a continuing decline in U.S. interest rates should have a beneficial impact on Latin America.

Apart from reducing the cost of servicing foreign debts, which are largely dollar-denominated, lower interest rates in the United States would give a boost to the American economy and lift demand in the industrialised world for the region's raw materials.

The Chilean economy, once held up by followers of the monetarist persuasion as a model .to other developing countries, suffered the worst last year, with output slumping 13 per cent and with one in four of the working population jobless. But Treasury and Economy Minister Rolf Luders said there were signs that the economy's decline was being echo.

imports down 19 per cent, leaving reversed and he expected output Latin America with an overall to expand four per cent in 1983. to expand four per cent in 1983.

The Argentine government is aiming for five per cent economic growth this year and business sources say that given this year's bumper grain crop, and an unofficially estimated drop of four per cent in output last year, the target is reasonable. However the government's tough anti-inflation policy, agreed with the IMF as a condition of a \$2.15 billion loan and designed to reduce price rises to 160 per cent, will mean bigh interest rates and bankers and businessmen do not expect a

major upture in industry. Brazil and Mexico

But in Brazil the region's largest country, official forecasts say this year will be even harder than 1982 as the government bat-tles to reduce inflation and cut its

foreign borrowing.

Ourput is officially expected to expand one or two per cent, but with the government being forced to cut investment, curb imports and slash food subsidies to cope with debts totalling \$89 billion, the prospects for the millions of Brazil's unemployed or underemployed are gloomy. Private economists expect Mexico's economy to shrink up to three per cent in 1983 after the approval of \$3.84 billion credit agreement with the IMF last month, calling for sharp cuts in government spending. But in a new year television broadcast, President Miguel de la Madrid said Mexico had made headway in its negotiations with international banks to refinance its debts of over \$80 billion, adding that the international community had gained new confidence in the country's ability to

"We face the new year with optimism and confidence," he

tackle its economic crisis.

Mr. de la Madrid addcd Despite the crisis ... we will continue to be a rich country with extensive natural resources" sentiments that other south American governments might

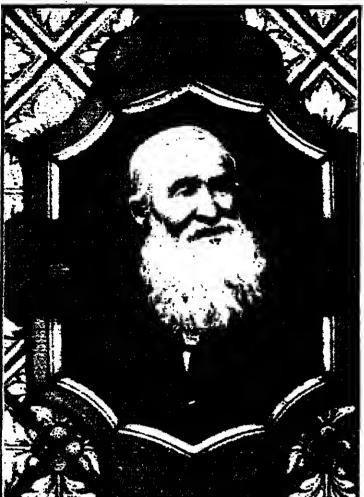


Deprived boys learn valuable skills at Schneller school

. By Reem Habayeb Special to the Jordan Times

"My dining mom suite is nineteen years old, and still in good. condition. Lordered it from Schneller when I got married," said one Jordanian lady during a discussion about workmanship.

"Schneller" is an abbreviation for the Theodor Schneller School. built in Marka during the fifties. It is a charity school for the poorest of the poor, educating children up



J.L. Schneller, inunder of the original 'Syrian Orphanage

to third preparatory level and then and systematic vocational training offering three years of vocational was developed. The school training in carpentary, metalwork, accommodated both boys and car mechanics or electrical work. girls, and also had a section for the

The Schneller school at Marka sprang from the "Syrian Orphan- cial training. founded in Jerusalem in . After the Israeli occupation of orphanage by providing shelter and schooling in their own home. Despite adverse conditions, little support, and B lot of hardship, the undertaking grew substantially

1860 by a German missionary, Palestine in 1948, the school was Johann Ludwing Schneller, turned into an Israeli garrison. Schneller and his wife started the This led to the building of the J.L. Schneller school in Khirbet Kanafar in Lebanon in the early fifties, and a few years later the Theodor Schneller school in Jordan (named after one of the sons of J.L. Schneller). Both schools continued with the support of the old circle of friends of the orphanage in Jerusalem, while the Federal Republic of Germany con-

blind where they were given spe-

struction. The Theodor Schneller School in Marka now has some 165 boys in the elementary and preparatory classes and 65 apprentices in the workshops. All the children come from needy families. Some have no immediate family, while others have no family at all.

tributed a lot towards con-

Most of the students live in the school's boarding houses. They are divided into six "families" consisting of different ages so that the older ones may look after their juniors. Each family shares a dormitory, washroom, dining room and a club room, all of which they bave to take care of, clean, and keep tidy. "We try, but we cannot actually replace a family" says Reverend Hinker, director of the Theodor Schneller school.

The classrooms for the preparatory and elementary students are quite big and compare well with average-sized classrooms in any other school. The students have a buge playground and a swimming pool which they can use during certain hours.

The workshops for vocational training are quite spacious as well, and each has a separate building. Although the workshops are not provided with the latest equipment their machinery is in good shape, since the students give it thorough weekly maintenance.

After third preparatory level,



Mechanics students learn a trade which will lead to a good job later on

the students can continue with vocational training, or leave to finish their secondary education somewhere else. Last year Reverend Hinker introduced a new system of sending the two top students from the third preparatory class to public schools on scholarships. Their fees will be paid until they finish secondary level, while in the meantime they will be given room and board at the Schneller school.

Besides workshops and boarding houses, the school has several buildings which are spread around its grounds, which cover 650 dunums. There is a guest house with twenty rooms to accom-modate people passing through, or guests who wish to do practical training and help the staff at the school.

The church, which overlooks the other buildings, is perbaps the closest reminder of the original school in Jerusalem. All the windows, benches, and other accessories were brought from Jerusalem and used in the construction of the present one.

The farmhouses, huilt by the Near East Council of Churches, lie empty in the school's grounds. An attempt to run the farm properly for training and production proved to be very costly and hardly covered running expenses. Now all that is left is a small-scale attempt to plant some carnations and vegetables which can be sold

This is not the only sad aspect of the school. Seven years ago the school used to offer classes up to secondary level. German, which was the third language taught to the students, was stopped two years ago because of the unavailability of teachers. The printing press was closed several years ago, too, and this year a cut in their

budget, will mean closure of the electricity workshop.

Bishop Elia Khoury, himself a graduate of the Schneller school in Jerusalem and a member of the advisory board for the Marka school, says that the reason for the current cutback is that they are re-evaluating the training offered in the light of Jordan's requirements. A special group has been sent from Germany to assess what skills are lacking in the country, so that the school can concentrate on training in these areas.

Other problems the school faces are those concerning the students. Mr. Issa Bajali, who has been the school's headmaster for the past twelve years, says "We face all kinds of problems with the boys. Some are the usual problems any school faces, while others such as runaways are more difficult to "The boys most difficult to

handle are those with no family at



Younger pupils gather plives in the school grounds - .

all. During vacations, when most children have somewhere to go to. they are left behind and feel rejected; and they eventually become very bitter about everything and everyone around." But the school is responsible for these children, and when the school is closed, for instance during the summer holidays, they make arrangements for the boys, such as to go and stay at an army camp.

The finance for the school comes from an association of south-west German Evangelical

churches and Christian groups of .which the "Syrian Orphanage" is a member. Another source of income for the school comes from selling their handiwork. The furniture made at Schneller is well known for its good workmanship. Each piece is made separately and hy hand. This means it is a little more expensive than factory made furniture, but apparently recre durable. The school will make 227 kind of woodwork, to order, walk the metal workshop will take on even complicated designs, them-

FAO hits back at accusations of incompetence and overspending

published an article on the United FAQ. The use of photos and post-States' threat to pull out of the U.N. Food and Agriculture Organusum (FAO) anud accidations of FAO's incompetence and overspending by the Rome Englishintegacye newspaper. The Daily

ialah Juma, danian minister of agriculture and now FALL's assistant directorgeneral and regional representance for the Near East, read the article in the Jordan Times and sent us this repartion by FAO of The Daile American's anack.

The content of the supplement published by the Daily American in Rome is not news but the latest manifestation of a squalid little campaign waged by a tiny, perochial metual admiration soccty, comprising a publisher with self-proclaimed political ambitions and views hostile to the United Nations, aided by a superanguated journalist, and two

On Dec. 27, 1932, Jordan Times- - disgruntled ex-employees of ers of hungry children to back this smear campaign is despicable. It is obvious that no evaluation of FAO by the "Daily American" or these individuals can be trusted as having any objectivity or relia-

> mostly a re-hash of these individuals' articles, some more than a year old, which are repetitively replete with the same farrago of banal errors in facts, names, titles, and of gross distortions, plus gossip and innuendoes, some of a patently racist character, fused mto a personal vendetta against the vast majority of member governments, the director-general and the entire staff of FAO.

In fact, this is a renewal of a campaign that started a year ago in an attempt to influence governments not to re-elect the director-general and not to vote FAO's budget. The campaign failed miserably. The director-

general was re-elected by 138 votes to one in a secret ballot and the budget was adopted with only 5 countries voting against. Even those countries praised the organisation for its achievements and the director-general for his con-duct of FAO. What the campaign amounts to, therefore, is an attack and practices of FAO, flouting the manifest desires and decisions of the vast majority of its member countries.

The basic accusation against FAO is almost childish in its ignorance and naive spitefulness. The claim that FAO has failed since there are still millions of hungry and malnourished is like saying that since millions of people still die from diseases, all doctors should be hanged.

The FAO is accused of having a large budget. The annual budget is maller than that of the U.N., WHO and UNESCO and would buy less than a tenth of a Trident nuclear submarine. In fact, all

FAO's ubudgets for the last 37 but there is never any comparison years, since its foundation in 1945. would pay for little more than half

of FAO's total staff of all types of 7,200 with the 40,000 of the U.S.Department of Agriculture FAO is accused of having a (USDA) alone, not to mention

"Not news but the latest manifestation of a squalid little campaign waged by a tiny, parochial mutual admiration society, comprising a publisher with self-proclaimed political ambitions and views hostile to the United Nations, aided by a superannuated journalist, and two disgruntled ex-employees of FAO. The use of photos and posters of hungry children to back this smear campaign is despicable. It is obvious that no evaluation of FAO by the "Daily American" or these individuals can be trusted as having any objectivity or reliability.

large staff -- the same grossly exaggerated number is reprinted despite published contrary evidence by the governing bodies --

other national departments of agriculture.

The answers to this type of socalled journalism are not to be

would be endless but in the statements of the 1252 member nations of FAO themselves.

The few examples that follow are taken not from countries of the Group of 77 which are so viciously attacked in the campaign but from some of the rich "have" countries wbose interests the campaign purports to uphold. They relate mainly to FAO's director-general at whom much of the campaign is directed in one way or another. Thus, for example, after his reelection, the minister of agriculture of France, speaking on bebalf of the countries of Western Europe, said they unanimously recognised the progress made by FAO over the previous six years and paid homage to the activities and efforts of the directorgeneral. She said that he possessed faith and energy in the highest degree and had a vote of confidence from all the countries for the past and future.

_..... Kuwait (RJ) . Doha. Abu Dhabi (GA)

MONEY EXCHANGE

.. Cairo (RJ)

The U.S. delegate associated

and said: "We applaud the efforts of the director-general over this period to lead FAO in the struggle against bunger and malnutrition. We support this goal and rededicate ourselves to the achievement of this common purpose. We wish bim well. We look

tives for which this great organ- isation was founded. At the conclusion of the conference, the Canadian delegate, on behalf of the North American group, re-stated their confidence in FAO and its continuing success

rward to working with him in the

years ahead to achieve the ohjec-

and went on: "On this point, we owe particular homage to the efforts of the director-general for this extra-Ordinary success at excalating the level of public and governmental consciousness and awareness and of the gravity of the hunger problem. We believe this to be among

the most important of his con-

tributions ... only with the dedi-

pursued in refutations which himself with previous speakers cation and energy he has exhibited over the past six years could this have been accomplished." The delegate of the U.K. aix

thanked the director-general and said he could not better tha remarks of Canada Earlier, the conference had

unanimously approved "tha policies, strate priorities and actions proposed by the director-general. And in 1981, the Programme and Finance Committees of FAO had reported that "the organisation: deserved commendation for its priority programmes, the quality of service provided to member governments, and the economy and efficiency it bad shown in implementation."

These few examples of what the member governments who know what FAO is and does on an intimate daily basis speak for themselves, and give the lie to the com-paign of defamation in which the publisher of the "Daily Amenican" has decided to induige.

Or. Mahmoud Khalil Imran 73172

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TV & RADIO

JORDAN TELEVISION MAIN CHANNEL

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| • | OK:10 | Local Children's Programmas |
| | | Children Play |
| | 67:50 | Sports |
| | | Programme Preview |
| | | Agricultural Programme |
| | | News th Araba |
| | OK:30 | |
| | 09:40 | Arabic Play |
| | [1:10 | News in Arabi |
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FUREIGN CHANNEL

| 06.30 | French Programme |
|--------------|-------------------------|
| 0.0 | News on French |
| C7:30 | News m Hebres |
| 96.16 | Comedy: Young at Heart' |
| 00:00 | Documentary |
| 09-30 | Saturday Variety Show |
| 10:00 | News on English |
| | Feature Film: |
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RADIO JORDAN Sys AHL, AM & 79 MHz, FM & north on V500 KHz, SW

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News Heatlines, Sign Off

BBC WORLD SERVICE 639, 720, 1413 KHz

06:45 Fmancial News 6:55 Reflections 67:00 World News 07:09 British Press Review 87:15 About Britain 97:30 New Ideas 67:40 Book Choice 97:45 The World Today 08:06 Newsdesk 08:30 Album Time 09:00 World News 09:09 News about Britain 09:15 From the Weekles 99:30 Classical Record Review 89:45 Network U.K. 10:00 World News 10:09 Reflections 10:15 Star Profile 10:30 Animal, Vegetable or Mmeral? 11:00 World News 13:09 Britthe Press Review [1:15 The World Today 11:50 Financial News 11:40 Look Ahead 11:45 Science in Action 12:15 What's New 12:30 Just a Minute 13:00 World News 13:09 News About Britain 13:15 About Britain 13:30 Meridian 14:00 Radio Newsreel 14:15 Anything Goes 14:45 Sports Round-up 15:00 World News 15:09 Commentary 15:15 Network U.K. 15:30 A Small Town in Germany 26:00 Big Bond Sound 16:30 Arranged for the Piano 17:00 Radio Newsreel 17:15 Saunday Special 18:00 Month News 28:06 Communication 18:05 World News 18:09 Commentary 18:15 Saturday Special 19:00 News Summary 19:02 Saturday Special 19:09 Book Choice 19:15 The Magic of 19:45 Sports Round-Up 20:00 World News 20:09 News About Britain 20:15 Radio Newsreel 20:30 Heil Caesar 21:30 Album Time 22:00 World News 22:09 Annual Links 2500 World News 25:09 Commentary 25:15 Good Books 22:30 Book, Music and Lyrics 23:15 Staying On 23:30 People and Politics 24:00 World News 26:39 From Our Own Correspondent 10:30 New Ideas 60:40 Reflections 10:45 Sports Round-up 81:00 World News 18:09 Commentary

VOICE OF AMERICA

1200, 7205, 21925, 15205 05:00 The Breakfast Show: 17:00 News 05:00 The Breakfast Show: 17:00 News and This Work 17:30 Prets Conference USA 18:00 Special English; News, World, and Their Stories, Fenture: Short Stories 18:30 New York, New York: 19:00 Weskend 28:00 Special English 28:30 New York, New York 21:00 News and This Work 21:30 Press. Conference USA 22:00 Special English; news words and their names 22:15-Music USA (Jazz) 23:00 Workend

1.35

TODAY'S EVENTS

WHAT'S GOING ON

EXHIBITION

Landscapes Beyond the Periphery, at the American Centre.

FILMS

 The Red Circle, starring Alain Delon at the French Cultural Centre. Primel - Kleines Madchen zu Ver-leihen, at the Goethe Institute at 4:30

CULTURAL CENTRES

| • |
|---|
| American Centre |
| Hussein Youth Ciry 6671 |
| Y.W.C.A |
| V W M.A 6042 |
| Amman Municipal Library 36t |
| University of Jordan Library 843 |

MUSEUMS

Folklore Museum: Jewelry and costurnes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jarash (4th to 18th ceoluries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9,00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 51760. Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of orden, Jabai Al Oal'a (Citadei Hill). Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m.

4.00 p.m.). Closed Tuesdays. letional Gallery: Contains a col-Jordan National Gallery: Contains a col-lection of paintings, ceramics, and sculpture by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim coun-triend a collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Muntazah, Jabal Luweibdeh, Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. - 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. 6.00 p.m. Closed Tucadays, Tel. 301 28. Milliany Museum: Collection of military

Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m.

memorabilia dating from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City, Amman, Opening hours 9 a.m.-4 p.m. Closed Saturdays. Tel. 664240. Popular Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to 150 year old items such as costumes, weapons, musical instruments, etc. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays, Tel. 37169.

SERVICE CLUBS

| Lions Amman Club. Meetings every |
|--|
| first and third Wednesday at the Tyche |
| Hotel, 1.30 p.m. |
| Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings |
| every second and fourth Wednesday at |
| the Amman Marrion Hotel, 1.30 p.m. |
| Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings |
| every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn. |
| 1:30 p.m. |
| Rotary Club. Meetings every Tuesday |
| at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2.00 p.m. |
| Royal Automobile Club, Jabal Amman. |
| Eighth Circle, Tel. 815261. |

CHURCHES St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic

Jabal Amman, tel. 24500.

Church of the Annunciation (Roman Catholic) Jabal Luweib-eb, 37440. De la Selle Charch (Roman Catholic) Jabal Hussein, 661757. Church of the Ammunication 1 Greek Orthodox) Abdali, 23541. Auglican Church (Church of the Redeemer) Jahal Amman, 43453. Armenian Orthodox Church Ashrafich,

Ashrafieh, 71751. Amman International Church (Interdenominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani, 663249, PRAYER TIMES

St. Enhance Charch (Syrian Orthodox

| 95:14 | Faji |
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| 06:37 | (Sunrise) Shuruq |
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| 14:35 | |
| 16:56 | Maghreb |
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AMMAN AIRPORT

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ARRIVALS

| 09:30 | Jeddah [RJ] |
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| 09:35 | Karachi, Oubai (RJ) |
| 09:40 | Obahran [RJ] |
| 09:45 | Kuwait (RJ) |
| 10:15 | Beirut (RJ1 |
| 10:50 | Abu Ohabi, Doba (GA) |
| 11:05 | Abu Dhabi ISA) |
| 14:35 | Kuwait (KAC) |
| 16:00 | Belgrade, Istanbul (RI) |
| 16:30 | |
| 16:55 | Frankfurt, Geneva (RJ) |
| 17:15 | New York, Vienna (RJ) |
| 17-30 | Copenhagen, Athens (RJ) |
| 30421 | Rome (Alitalia) |
| 18-30 | Athens GA) |
| 19.70 | Cairo (RJ) |
| 19:30 | Baghdad (1R) |
| | Frankfurt, Lamaca (LH) |
| 20:30 | Deine (MEA) |
| 20:40 | Beirut (MEA) |
| 22:30 | Baghdad (RJ) |
| 90:30 | Cairo (RJ) |
| | Cairo (EA) |
| | Baghdad (RJ) |
| 01:45 | Čairo (ÈA) |
| | |

DEPARTURES

06:00 . Larnaca, Frankfurt (Lufthansa Aqaba (RJ) Beirot, Paris (AF Beirut (MEA) Vienna, New York (RJ) 11:15 Tunis, Casablanca (RJ 12:00 Frankfurt, Brussels (R. 12:30 .. Cairo (RJ) Kuwait (KAC)

. Cairo (RJ)

FOR THE TRAVELLER

20:00 20:15

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| oba (GA) | Egyptian guinea 321.3 326.7 | |
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WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of

It will partly cloudy to cloudy with a cold airmass over the country. Snow will fall in the hilly areas. Winds will be westerly moderate and freshening at times. In Agaba it will be cloudy with occa-

| ZOUTH 2HDMGIZ |
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| Low:high temperature in deg.C. |
| Aqaba 8/18 Deserts 0/8 |
| Jordan Valley 7/18 |
| Yesterday's high tamperatures: Amman 8, Aqaba 19, Humidity read- |

ings: Amman 94 per cent, Aqaba 36 per

USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS. **EMERGENCIES**

| Ambulance 193. 7511 |
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| Firstaid, fire, police 19 |
| Blood bank 7512 |
| Civil Defence rescue 66111 |
| Fire beadquarters |
| Police rescue 192, 21111, 3777 |
| Police headquarters 3914 |
| Traffic police 56390- |
| Electric Power Co 36381- |
| Municipal water service 71125- |

HOSPITALS

| HOSITIALS |
|-------------------------------------|
| Hussein Medical Centre 813813-32 |
| Khalidi Maternity, J. Amman 44281-4 |
| Akleh Maternity, J. Amman 42441 |
| Jabal Amman Maternity 42362 |
| Malhas, J. Amman 36140 |
| Palestine, Shmeisani 664171-4 |
| Shmeisani Hospital 669131-5 |
| University Hospital 845845 |
| Dar Al-Shifa, J. Hussein 667158 |
| Al-Muasher Hospital 667227-9 |
| The Islamic, Abdali 665292 |
| Al-Ahli, Abdali 664164 |
| Italian, Al-Muhajreen 77101-3 |
| Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich 75111 |
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NIGHT DUTY

Dr. Mohammad Musa Al Abbadi

| ZARQA: Dr. Tareq Hajjawi 85445/85667 Rida pharmacy (—) | |
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| IRBID: Dr. Nidal Haddad | |
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| Jordan Televisioo | |

Jordan and Middle East calls 10

MARKET

| Upper/lower price in fils per kg. |
|-----------------------------------|
| Apple (African) 220 / 180 |
| Apple (American) 500 / 480 |
| Apple 1Double Red1 250 / 200 |
| Apple (Golden) 250 / 200 |
| Apple (Turkish) 250 / 200 |
| Apple (French) 500 / 400 |
| Apple (Starken)250 / 200 |
| Banana 260 / 200 |
| Banana (Mukammar) 225 / 180 |
| Beans |
| 'Beets 190 / 150 |
| Bomali 200 / 180 |
| Cabbage 70: 50 |
| Carrol 170 · 150 |
| Cautiflower [white] 150 / 120 |
| Chestauts |
| Coconut |

..... 500 / 400

Cucumber (large)

500 400 100 80 Garlic Grapefruit Lemoo Hocal) Marrow (large)300 250 Opion (dry) . Onion (green) ... Oranges | Mandarine | Pepper (Hot Green) 564

Thousands queue for W. Indies-S. Africa controversial match

CAPE TOWN (R) - Thousands queued to snap up tickets to see the West Indies cricket rebels play the first match in their controversial

tour of South Africa here Saturday. All reserved seats for the one-day game between the West Indians and South African provincial champions Western Province were sold

within a few hours. A spokesman at the Newlands ground said several thousand people were queueing outside the gates at 6:30 a.m. and there was every

prospect of a capacity crowd of almost 20,000. Condemned internationally for touring white minority-ruled South Africa and barred from playing for their own country ever again, the West Indies tourists have generated tremendous excitement among cricket followers in the republic, denied international competition because of its race policies.

South African Cricket Union (SACU) president Joe Pamensky explained the surge of enthusiasm in his speech of welcome when the players arrived Thursday. "For many years we bave wished to measure our cricket against that of the West Indies," he said.

But cricket commentators said more importantly Saturday's game would serve to measure the strength of the touring party following two previous tours which proved easy walkovers for South Africa but a heavy financial loss.

The strong South African national side easily defeated rebel touring teams from England and Sri Lanka last year. Crowds stayed away when the unequal struggle became obvious. The Sri Lankan tour was estimated to have lost \$500,000. A

disappointing performance by the West Indians Saturday could cost the SACU even more dearly. Mucb could depend on the baiting of tour captain Lawrence Rowe

and former West Indies skipper Alvin Kallicharran who now plays for Transvaal Province. Apart from them, the batting line-up does not look strong enough to sustain the team through the strenuous month-long, 12-match

Their opponents tomorrow include Graham Gooch and John Emburey, members of the rebel England touring team, and Omar Henry, the only non-white South African who plays regularly in the

domestic currie cnp. The 15-man West Indian touring party was expected to be bol-stered by the addition of four more top flight players, including fiery opening bowler Malcolm Marsball. But reports from Barbados

Thursday said three had decided against coming.

Marshall's absence seriously depletes the fast bowling attack which will now be left mainly to former test players Colin Croft and Sylvester Clarke and little-known, uncapped Franklyn, Stephenson.



INVITATION TO TENDER NO. 1/83 'PAPER BAGS'

JORDAN LIME AND SILICATE BRICK INDUS-TRIES CO. LTD. announces tender No. 1/83 for the supply of paper bags for lime. Interested bidders may obtain tender documents against JD 15 per set, from the company's main office in Jabal Al Hussein, Allid Str. behind College de Lasal.

The closing date of the tender is Feb. 7, 1983. at 12:00 hours.

Managing Director G. Billeh

FURNISHED OFFICE WANTED ON RENT

Odeh Al Naber & Sons Transport Co. needs a furnished office with an area of 120 to 150 square metres. It should consist of four rooms and accessories in addition to a telephone and telex. Location in Jabal Amman

Please call Tel: 78537/71523

ANNOUNCEMENT

Al Sabah Supermarket in Amman (Tel. 32280) owned by Mustafa Mohammad Al Khudari announces that it has received the first shipment of delicious food items from the Philippines.

Location -- the Desert Road.

CONDOLENCES

The president and members of the Jordan-Japan Friendship Association regret the untimely death in Tokyo of His Excellency Kelichi Tachibana, the Japanese ambassador to Jordan, and offer the deepest condolances to his wife Madam Kazuka Tachibana and members of his family.

Pakistan bats carefully

HYDERABAD, Pakistan (R) -Mudassar Nazar and Javed Miandad. Pakistan's rhird-wicket pair, hatted through the final two sessions after Indian newcomer Balwinder Sandhu made an early impact on the fourth cricket test here Friday.

Pakistan were 225 for two at the close of the first day with Mudassar 92 not out and Miandad 97 not

The pair came together with the score 60 for two after mediumpacer Sandbu removed opener Mohsin Khan and Haroon Rashid with successive balls. They carefully rebuilt the innings knowing that Pakistan, with a 2-0 lead, need only a draw here to win the six-match series.

After Pakistan captain Imran Khan won the toss, Mohsin and Mudassar gave the innings a solid foundation on a benign pitch. They were parted shortly before lunch when Mohsin was lbw to Sandhu, who marked his test debut by bowling Haroon next

Miandad denied Sandhu a hattrick and for the rest of the day he and Mudassar resisted the Indian bowlers, who gave nothing away and were supported by good out-

Spinners Dilip Doshi and Maninder Singh were the most successful in curbing the scoring rate, Doshi's 14 overs costing only 25 runs and Maninder giving away 45 runs from 18 overs.

Mudassar hit 11 boundaries during his day-long vigil while Miandad, who completed his 21st test 50 and 1,000 runs against India, struck 10 fours.



Belgian mountaineer reappears in Kathmandu

KATHMANDU (R) - A Belgian mountaineer who disappeared on Mount Everest late last month and was given up for dead reappeared in Kathmandu Friday alive and well.

Jean Bourgeois, 44, said he fell down the west ridge of Everest on to the Tibetan side of the peak on Dec. 30.

He was not hurt and walked for nearly three days without food in the biting winds of the Himalayas until he reached a Tibetan hamlet on Jan. 1, where he was given tea and barley by villagers.

He was taken by jeep to the Nepalese border Thursday and arrived in Kathmandu Friday by bus more than two weeks after friends had presumed be had died in the sub-zero temperatures of the world's highest mountain.

Recalling his relief as he staggered into the snow-swept Tibetan village on Jan. I, Bourgeois said: "It was a good new year for me that morning." Bourgeois, an electronics engineer and ethnographer from Fur-

fooz, Belgium, bad been climbing with a predominantly French expedition attempting a gruelling winter season assault on Mount Everest. After he went missing, the team gave up its attempt on the 8,848-

metre (29,028-foot) peak. It bad reached 7,000 metres (23,000

The Belgian mountaineer was looking none the worse for wear as he recounted his experiences. 'He said be was well treated throughout his time in Tibet by

Tibetans and Chinese alike. Bourgeois' arrival in the Nepalese capital coincided with that of his fellow climbers and he was reunited with expedition leader Michel Metzger of Paris and four other members at a surprise meeting at

Expedition members had given him up for dead after failing to find any trace of him during several days of searching.

England reshuffles batsmen BRISBANE (R) - England Friday dropped veteran wicketkeeper

Bob Taylor in place of Ian Gould for their one-day cricket match against New Zealand here Saturday. Gould, a more accomplished batsman than Taylor, will open the batting with Chris Tavare with David Gower at number three. New Zealand have also dropped their number one wicketkeeper

Warren Lees as well as middle order batsman John Morrison for Saturday's clash. Lees has been replaced by Peter Webb while Morrison stands aside for left arm pace bowler Gary Troup. England have lost both their games in the competition. losing to

Australia by 31 runs and to New Zealand by two runs. Australia have won both their matches while New Zealand have won one and lost one.

Teams England: Ian Gould, David Gower, Chris Tavare, Ian Botham, Trevor Jesty, Geoff Miller, Alan Lamb, Vic Marks, Norman Cowans, Bob Willis (captain), Derek Pringle, Derek Randall. New Zealand: Bruce Edgar, John Wright, Geoff Howarth (captain), Glenn Turner, Jeremy Coney, Peter Webb, Richard Hadlee, Lance Cairns, Martin Snedden, Gary Troup, Ewan Chatfield, Tweifth man Jeff Crowe.

Olympic preparations are well in advance

WASHINGTON (R) - Preparations for the 1984 winter Olympics in Sarajevo. Yugoslavia, are running one year ahead of schedule with ice rinks, ski runs and the Olympic village all near completion, Yugoslav officials said here Thursday.

Savo Cecur, marketing chief of the games' organising committee, said the bobsleigh run had been finished recently and would be used in next week's world championships.

About 15,000 foreign guests are expected to attend the Olympics, the 14th in the winter series begun in 1924 in Chamonix, France.

England-France Twickenham clash to decide Rugby Union Match today

LONDON (R) - The front row battle at Twickenham Saturday between England and France could decide the fate of the opening five nations' Rugby Union Match and, possibly, the outcome to combat the wily Frenchman.

of the championship itself. And the man whose presence task two years ago when France may prove decisive is the remarkable 34-year-old French tighthead

prop Robert Paparemborde. Paparemborde has played more than 50 tests for France, a record for a prop, and in every match he has posed formidable problems for his opponents.

He is skilled at every trick in the

Ardiles starts English Soccer League career with Tottenham

LONDON (R) - Argentine mid-fielder Osvaldo Ardiles resumes in contention. Teenager Jimmy his English Soccer League career with first division Tottenham Saturday but compatriot Ricky Villa could miss out on the reunion after jarring his neck in train-

Manager Keith Burkinshaw has put off naming his side to play at Luton until it is clear how Villa's neck reacts to treatment.

But Ardiles, back after six months with French club Paris St. Germain since the Falklands conflict last year, should give Spurs fans some consolation for injuries elsewhere in the team. All four centre-backs are either

doubtful or ruled out with illness and injury. But striker Garth Crooks and England star Glenn Hoddle, a father for the first time after his wife gave birth to a daughter Friday, are fit to resurn,

Luton keep the side who beat Peterborough in last week's Football Association (F.A.) Cup, giving 17-year-old Mark Watts his first division debut in place of injured winger David Moss. League leaders Liverpool. 10

points clear of nearest rivals Watford, Nottingham Forest and Manchester United, go to West Bromwich Albion for a tie which could see the return of their Republic of Ireland midfielder Ronnie Whelan after injury.

With experienced defender John Wile suffering from an ankle injury. Albion delay naming their team until Saturday.

Watford, away to Everton, choose from a squad of 14 which

is especially adept at splitting his opposing prop from his hooker. Saturday it will be England loosehead prop Colin Smart's turn

front row forward's repertoire and

defeated England 16-12. "Paparemborde won that match for them by dominating Colin," England chairman of

selectors Budge Roberts said. France's other trump card in the forwards could be number eight Jean-Luc Joinel, who will prob-

ably move around in the lineout to

in contention. Teenager Jimmy

Gilligan looks set to keep his place

despite the return to fitness of

striker Ross Jenkins after a two-

match lay off. Ray Wilkins. who lost bis England and Manchester Unned captaincy to Bryan Robson, is again overlooked for United's game at Birmingham. Manager Ron Atkinson keeps the same line-up

for the fourth game in a row. Wilkins has made only one first team appearance since he reco-vered four weeks ago from a fractured cheek-bone which kept him out for two months.

Kenny Swain, on loan from Aston Villa, stays at right back in the Nottingham Forest side at home to West Ham despite England's Viv Anderson's successful return to reserve action.

ensure a steady supply of ball for halfback Gerald Martinez.

But England, headed by gianl lock Maurice Colclough, supported by Steve Bainbridge and John Scott, should match the French in this department. Smart admits he failed in a similar

England captain Steve Smith said his team would not try to match the mercurial French in running the ball from all parts of the field.

I want us to be secure and disciplined," he said. "Two years agwe tried to match France at the touch off-the-cuff game and is didn't work."

Champions Ireland, who play Scotland ar Edinburgh's Murrayfield, will rely heavily on their flyhalf genius Ollie Campbell who kicked an Irish record of 46 points

last season. Campbell booted all Ireland's 21 points in their 21-12 win over; the Scots last season and he realises he will be a marked man

Saturday. "I might be singled out for tpecial attention this time " Campbell

"I appreciate that a lot of Scottish players will want to get even y with me, but that could be bene. ficial to the rest of the team. "If the Scots are more intent on ::

dealing with me, it should leave ... some toom for the other backs." Both sides have been afflicted by injury problems, with Scot-

land's losses the more serious. The home side will be without matchwinning fullback Andy Irvine and flyhalf John Rutherford while Irish prop Gerry McLoughlin takes over from the injured Mick FitzPatrick.

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6 p.m.

he



NEWS IN BRIEF

Australia to admit foreign banks

CANBERRA (R) - International banks, eager to cash in nu Australia's vast mineral wealth, will soon be able to operate here after a government decision Thursday to allow a small number into the country. Treasurer (Finance Minister) John Howard said in a statement that the government would allow about 10 foreign banks to set up full banking operations alongside the four major

GCC oil ministers meet today

BAHRAIN (R) — The oil ministers of Saudi Arabia and its Gulf allies meet here on Saturday for talks that could lead to an altes meet nere on Saturday int taiks that could lead to an effective cut in their oil prices. Saudi Arabia and fellow members of the Gulf Cooperation Council -- Kuwalt, Oman, the United Arab Emirates (UAE), Bahram and Qatar -- are under growing pressure to cut official oil prices in the glutted world oil market.

U.S., EEC postpone talks

WASHINGTON (R) — United States and European Community negotiators have agreed to adjourn talks aimed at averting an agricultural trade war until Feh. 10 in Brussels. A spokesman for the European delegation said the two sides agreed there was a shortage of comparable information and pledged to try to compile more statistics for next month's meeting.

China wants to join ADB

TOKYO (R) - China has told major members of the Asian Development Bank (ADB) it wants to join hut insists Taiwan be expelled first, Japanese foreign ministry sources said Thursday. They said the Japanese government did not oppose China's wish to join the Manila-based regional bank, and was studying problems which might result from it replacing the nationalist Chinese. But Peking had not yet made a formal approach on membership,

Nigerian oil output slips

i. AGOS (R) — Nigerian oil output in December slipped to about 1.2 million harrels per day (h d) from just under 1.4 million h d in November, the second successive monthly fall in production, oil industry sources said Thursday. The sources said the fall had not been anticipated. Earlier forecasts had suggested output would be about the same as in November, the sources said, adding that they saw no unusual factors at play.

Japan to increase imports

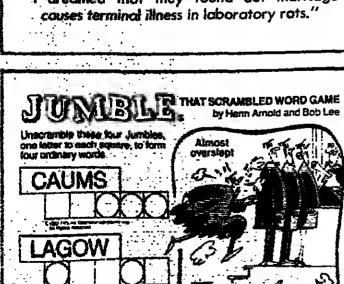
TORYO (R) - The Japanese government announced Thursday that it had adopted a five-point package of measures simed at increasing imports and easing trade friction with the United States and the European Community. The package includes a round of tariff cuts and the expansion of quotas on six agricultural produets, first announced late last month, plus new measures to case non-tariff barriers.

Greece eases marine conditions

ATHENS (R) -- Greece's socialist government, in a package of measures to help the country's ailing merchant fleet, said Thursday that shipowners could hire cheaper, non-Greek seamen for the lower decks under certain strict conditions.

THE BETTER HALF By Harris

dreamed that they found out marriage



KLUNIE HELPS MANY PEOPLE RISE IN THE WORLD. REELCY Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise ensurer, as suggested by the above cartoon. LITOMAS: FORAY QUAIL DUPLEX BONNET Answer May go around humming-A TOP-

Sterling steadies

sterling steadied on foreign exchange markets Firday, marking the end of a bout of jitters which knocked four cents off its dollar value this week.

Signals from Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher that no British general election was imminent apparently helped to stop the run on sterling, dealers said.

So did a one per cent rise in British interest rates on Tuesday.

Sterling rose fractionally to \$1.5805 in morning dealing in London. It has lost almost 12 per cept of its international value in the past two months and stood at \$1.61

at the end of last week.
After Mrs. Thatcher returned from a trip to the Falkland Islands Thursday aides said she regarded speculation against sterling as "silly". She urged currency traders to calm down.

Political uncertainty affected the pound because the apposition Labour Party has declared its intention to devalue if it wins the

PARIS (R) - Finance ministers

from the 111 main industrial

nations hold a crucial meeting

next week to seek agreement on a

plan to save debtor countries from

sparking a world financial crisis.

that next Tuesday's Paris meeting of the so-called "Group of 111"

(G-10) is likely to recommend a

sharp increase in resources for the

International Monetary Fund

or balance-of-payments prob-

The sources said agreement by

But they said a decision on the

actual size of the increase was not

expected until the IMFs top

policy-making body, the interim

committee, met in Washington on

Feh. 10 and 11 in a session

Although the final decision

rests on the interim committee.

the sources said next week's meet-

ing was crucial to settle dis-

agreement between the United

States and the other G-10 coun-

tries over the size of an increase in

IMF members agreed in Sep-

tember to complete negotiations

by April on increasing their quotas

to the fund, and the new levels

would have come into effect in

But fears of a collapse of the

international financial system and

the urgent need for the 146-

member IMF to expand its powers

to rescue countries in difficulty

prompted calls for the meeting to

their contributions, or quotas.

brought forward from April.

the group would strengthen the

IMF's ability to assist such coun-

Monetary sources said Friday

Group of 10 to

hold crucial talks

U.S. to curb Chinese imports

United States says it will impose quotas on Chinese clothes ranging from coats to pyjamas following failure to reach a new textile agreement.

A fourth found of talks between two sides. the two sides in the last six months agreement to put a limit on China's booming textile exports to the U.S.

A spokeswoman for U.S. trade representativé Mr. Bill Brock said quotas, backdated to Jan. 1. will be imposed on Saturday to hold some textile imports at last year's levels.

Chinese textiles not covered under quotas in . 1982 will be limited to levels equal to the amount imported in the year ending last Oct. 31.

State Department spokesman Mr. John Hughes said Thursday he was disappointed the talks had failed to reach an agreement to replace the one that expired on Dec. 31. But he said the U.S. was ready to continue negotiations.

He noted, however, that the U.S. announced last month that in the absence of an agreement it

Monetary, sources said new

The main stumbling block in a

quota increase has been the dis-

agreement between the United

States and the nine other group

members -- Belgium, Britain.

Canada, France, Italy, Japan, The

Netherlands, Sweden and West

The U.S. pasition but summer

a ke a ya are present level ob

But European countries have

maintained that a rise of at least 50

per cent was necessary, and the

monetary sources said an agree-

ment at the interim committee

meeting would be impossible if

Washington did not concede the

In Washington, U.S. Treasury

Secretary Donald Regan was

quoted as having indicated the United States would accept an

increase of 50 per cent, but no

him as having said at a inneheon

that an IMF quota increase of 40

to 50 per cent together with an

increase in standby funds pro-

vided by the richest nations "will

be sufficient to carry us for the

next five years from where I see

the (world) economy going." Senior monetary officials from

the Group of 10 -- the "G-10

deputies" -- will meet on Monday

to prepare for the ministerial

meeting. Sources said they were

expected to work out details of

how an increase in quotas would

work.

The Washington Post quoted

50 per cent bease.

60,7 billion Special Drawing

Rights (SDR) (Soo billion).

secure for the second than 25

quota levels now could come into

effect by mid-1984.

Germany.

(IMF) to help countries with debt was that it would not support a

WASHINGTON (R) - The would take action to curh imports after Hong Kong. Taiwan and of Chinese textiles.

In Peking, U.S. negotiator Mr. Peter Murphy told reporters Friday before flying home there was still a significant gap between the

He rejected Chinese charges ended in Peking Thursday without that the U.S. side had been lacking in sincerity, and was responsible for the impasse. "I don't think we would have come all this way if we weren't sincere." he said.

Peking's chief negotiator Mr. Li Dengshan told the New China News Agency Thursday night that China had made big concessions during the latest seven-day round of talks in the Chinese capital, but that the Americans had failed to

reciprocate. Mr. Li said that, if Washington imposed unilateral curbs on Chinese goods. China would have tn respond strongly. He did not say what retaliatory measures were envisaged.

Chinese textile exports to the U.S., negligible only a few years ago, have soared to a 1982 figure of around \$750 million.

China. now the fourth-ranking supplier to the American market Washington's favour.

Snuth Korea, saw its sales leap a further 32 per cent in the first 10 months of last year against January-October 1981, according to U.S. figures.

American textile : makers, battling with a recession which has caused the market to contract, have been demanding stringent curbs on imports.

Mr. Murphy told reporters U.S. textile policy was designed to relate overall imports to the rate of growth of the domestic market. Mr. Li told the Chinese News

Agency Thursday night his side was willing to continue negoriations, "But it is meaningless and fruitless to ask only the Chinese side to make enneessions while the U.S. side makes no substantial concessions."

He accused Washington of poisoning the atmosphere by making public details of the proposed unilateral restrictions last month before the latest round of talks

The Chinese side continually argues that the overall balance of bilateral trade is heavily in

LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON [R] — The market was firmer in moderate trading as sterling continued steady, dealers said. The F.T. index at 15000 was

Among the leaders Beecham was 5p higher at 333. Blue Circle up 7p at 423 and ICI 10p firmer at 362. Banks were particularly strong following the base rate raises earlier in the week with Natwest up 21p at 501 and Lloyds rising 17p to 43tt.

Government bonds closed with gains of up to 11/2 points on sterling's performance and the easier money market rates after the Bank of England announced a temporary facility for relief of possible liquidity problems in the system, dealers said. Thorn was up 15p at 433 after six month interims at the topend

of market expectations while Guinness Peat were unchanged on 53p foliowing its six month interiors. Appellated newspapers group. The art. I 14p to 17 have also full your results.

the offer amount was down fip at 102 after 00 but Redland. which Thursday countered London Brick's bid for Ibstock, was up 3p at 228. London Brick was off 1p at 126.

Oils were mixed with B.P. up 4p at 31n and Shell off 2p to 448 while in firmer stores Gus 'A' rose 7p to 568 and Marks and Spencer firmed 3p to 207. Berisford gained 3p at 201 ahead of figures on Monday.

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON IR] — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Friday.

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1.2221 24

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| | 6.9800 9900 |
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| ne nunce of gold | 482.50 483.5 |
| | |

One sterling

One U.S. dollar

Canadian dollars West German marks Dutch guilders Swiss francs **Belgian francs** French francs Italian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns

3150 483.50

Norwegian crowns Danish erowns U.S. dollars

Peanuts

be brought forward.



HE SAID SHE HAD ONE OF THOSE FACES OF MARVELOUS BEAUTY WHICH ARE SEEN CASUALLY IN THE STREETS, BUT NEVER Among one's Friends"





Mutt 'n' Jeff







Andy Capp









FORECAST FOR SATURDAY, JAN. 15. 1983

YOUR DAILY **Orosco** from the Carroll Righter Institute

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Schedule your time and activities well so that you can accomplish a great deal today. Check your aurroundings and make plans for improvements. Be alert at all times today.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19] Situations arisa today that can give you a new outlook nn life. Engage in civic affairs that can be helpful to the community.

TAURUS |Apr. 20 to May 20| Hendle routine chares and gain greater beoefits. Be sure to keep promisés you have made to others. Be wise. GEMINI |May 21 to June 21| fdeal day to engage in

recreatings with congenials. Handle home duties more eificiently and they become easier. MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Studying new

outleta and getting into new activities can hring more success in the future. Be logical.

LEO IJuly 22 to Aug. 21) Telk over with allies what you expect of them and vice versa, and come to a finer under-

standing. Something good can result. VIRGO |Aug. 22 to Sept. 22| Study what your true financial status is end make plans for improvement. The

evening is fine for social pleasures. LIBRA |Sept. 23 to Oct. 22| Go after your most cheriahed personal wishes since there is a good apportunity to gain them now. Sidestep a foe.

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Good day to do some investigative work and come up with the right answers to a problem. Think constructively.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Exchange ideas with good friends for mutual gain. Show appreciation to those who have helped you in the past.

will give you more prestige in the community. Take time for recreation in the evening. AQUARIUS IJan. 21 to Feb. 19) Study a new outlet that could bring you added income in the future. You can

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Delve into whatever

now gain a long-time longing. PISCES IFeh. 20 to Mar. 201 You are now ahie to engage in interesting activities with friends and have a

most delightful time. Be happy. IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY . . . ne or she will know exactly how to get rid of tensions that arise and can he objective in solving difficult problems, so give an education dealing with arts and sciences for hest results.

Teach to work with hands. "The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you!

THE Daily Crossword By Hugh Excelley

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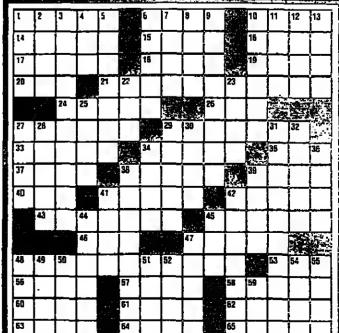
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48 Eight: prei. 49 Lunchtime 50 Give of 51 "It's --!" 52 Skin opening 54 Ascots 55 Aide: abbr. Monthly 59 Grain



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Walesa protests against being barred from Lenin Shipyards

WARSAW (R) — Lech Walesa, leader of Poland's banned Solidarity trade union. Friday lodged a protest against being barred from Gdansk's Lenin Shipyards earlier in the day and vowed to return to his job next Monday.

Before submitting the protest to the shipyard management, Mr. Walesa read the text to a group of Western newsmen at his home. complaining that "administrative obstacles" and "special plnys" were being used to keep him away from his place of work.

Under Polish law, a worker delegated to work in a trade union does not lose his normal job. The Lenin Shipyard, hirthplace of Solidarity, has largely remained

a bastion of opposition to the authorities. Officials are believed to fear that Mr. Walesa's reappearance could

spark a new wave of pro-Solidarity sentiment. The shipyard was "militarised" after strikes erupted in protest

against the dissolution of Solidarity last October. An aide of Mr. Walesa's, contacted by telephone in Gdansk. quoted the union leader's statement as saying:

'I returned to work on Jan. 14 at 11 a.m. I decided to resume by job in accordance with the law and the provisions of the labour code. l also felt it was my moral duty to return to the place from which I was

delegated to perform trade union functions. 'I encountered an obstacle thrown up by the shipyard management which told me to settle all formalities with the provincial officials in charge of the affairs and assets of the now disbanded

"A special ploy has been used against me to keep me away from my previous job. Many other people have been allowed to resume their jobs without such formalities and obstacles. Does the law hind every-

one, or does it not?" 'I am struggling for my rights and those of all the working people." Mr. Walesa's statement added.

The aide said when he contacted the provincial officials that they refused to receive him, saying Mr. Walesa must report to them in

In his statement the 39-year-old Mr. Walesa referred to a law which requires all able-bodied males between 18 and 45 years of age to hold jobs or register as work-shirkers.

Western reporters in Gdansk watched Mr. Walesa turned back at the gate of the yards and return to his home in the city's Zaspa

French premier overrules finance minister in public

PARIS (R) — A decision by Prime Minister Pierre Maurey to overrule his finance minister in public fuelled fresh charges of bungling by France's Socialist government Friday.

The clash between Mr. Mauroy and Jacques Delors over a drop in The rightwing de politically-sensitive interest rates broke out Thursday as opposition leaders stepped up campaigning for critical local elections on

Mr. Mauroy sald he had postponed a one per cent fall in the ings announced for Jan. 16 by Mr.

The municipal vote, as the only major political test for President Francois Mitterrand's administration until general elections due in 1986, is likely to colour the French political landscape for

Gaullist chief Jacques Chirac, ex-president Valory Giscard d'Estaing and ex-Premier Raymond Barre, centre-right opposition leaders, have homed in on alleged government confusion.

Among the about-turns they · cite are an abrupt switch from expansionist to deflationary economic policy last June and the dropping in July of plans to break up the Paris city government. Mr. Barre said Thursday night:

"They take decisions then go back on them... I would not like to be in The rightwing daily Le Figaro

said: "Such a degree of confusion in the conduct of the affairs of the country bas the worst effect in financial circles when it comes to an all-out fight to defend the

The opposition Quotidien, one Mauroy had disowned Mr. Delors, coupled the affair to a shift in education reform plans under the splash headline "amateurs". The pro-Socialist daily Le

Matin, the newspaper closest to the administration. Said the climbdown over interest rates would damage the government's credibility by "once more giving the impression of a lack of cohe sion and spirit of decision."

Other commentators sympathetic to the government said the incident, the most open of several clashes reported between Mr. Mauroy and Mr. Delors, would fuel the opposition campaign.

GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES GOREN

@1982 Tribune Company Syndicate, Inc. Both vulnerable. North

NORTH Ag3 ♥ A 852 ♦ K 9 3 +KQ9 EAST **4** 10 7 5 ♥ Q104 ♥J763 0 J 10874 065 + A 263 **♣** J72 SOUTH ♦KQJ94

♡K9 ♦ A Q 2 **4** 1054 The bidding: North East South Weat 1 NT Pass 3 ♠ Pass Pasa 5 ♦ Pasa Pass Pasa Pass

Opening lead: Jack of O. It seems invidious to complain that your hand is too good. But that was the trnuble with the North-South holding on this rubber bridge

hand we kibitzed. Despite his balanced hand, North correctly raised to four spades because bis hand, with its wealth of prime controls, was suit oriented. Once his partner made a slam try, North felt that those controls

justified a jump to slam. West led the top of his broken diamond aequence. When dummy came down, it was obvious that declarer would have to avoid two club losers to make his alam. Tens

050000

and nines are given no value to the point count. However, their presence can enormously increase the trick-taking posaihilities of a holding. Here, however, the spots in clubs were nothing but a For instance, let's ex-

change dummy's nine of clubs for any spot-card held by the opponents. Now there is only one play for twelve tricks. Declarer simply has to lead elubs twice from his hand towards dummy, playing an honor from the table each time unless the ace appears from West. He makes his slam if West holds the ace, but goes down if that card is with East.

On the actual holding, let's assume that declarer wins the ace of diamonds, draws trumps in three rounds ending in his hand and leads a club to dummy's queen. If East wins the ace, declarer must make his slam. He will return to his hand and finease dummy's nine of clubs, assuming West follows with a

Therefore, East should smoothly allow the queen of clubs to win. Strangely enough, that doubles declarer's problems. He can return to his hand and lead another club. but when West plays low, declarer is faced with a guess - he loses his slam if he risea with the king, but gets home if he finesses the nine. With nothing to guide him, declarer is even money

The aide said Mr. Walesa's driver went to the office of the provincial military commander, who was believed to be responsible for such documents, but was unable to secure the relevant papers Friday. Mr. Walesa said in a statement from his home Thursday he intended to "return to where I came from, to the cradle of Solidarity, convinced that at this time my place is with those who showed

He was overheard to tell one worker outside the yard Friday: "Work is necessary for my health. When I worked I was vigorous. Now I am tired."

When he went home he said he was returning "to think things

Mr. Walesa was sacked from the shipyard during the 1970s but reinstated formally to his old job there after the 1980 strikes. Under Polish law a person who engages in full-time union activity

can return to his job when he gives up his union post-The Communist authorities, who suspended martial law on Dec. 30, have made clear that the man who used to head the Eastern bloc's first independent union, which had 9.5 million members, could

expect no special treatment now.

He is being regarded officially as just another private citizen.

In his statement-Thursday Mr. Walesa said: "I will remain in solidarity with all my colleagues, especially with those imprisoned or deprived of work, with all those who have remained faithful to our

Guatemala eases claim over disputed Belize

LONDON (R) — British hopes of Belizean territory. for a settlement of the longstanding dispute over Belize have risen following Guatemala's apparent easing of its territorial claim, informed sources said Fri-

Guatemalan President Efrain Rios Montt said on Wednesday his government would drop its demand for sovereignty over the former British colony and now new initiative by Guatemala, the planned to press for only one-fifth sources said.

The British government declined comment Friday until officials had seen a full text of the remarks, made at an impromptu press conference at an air base in

But officials believe that if Gen. Rios Montt has been correctly quoted his comments represent a

Hanoi accuses Khmer Rouge of killing Muslims

living in parts of Kampucbea, were killed by the Khmer Rouge.

The Vietnam News Agency (VNA), monitored in Bangkok, said there were an estimated 700,000 Chams in Kampuchea when the Chinese-backed Khmer Rouge took over the country in 1975. Quoting the official Kam-

said details of atrocities against the Chams were revealed at a recent meeting in Phnom Penh.

ing as part of Vietnam's dip- Non-Aligned Movement.

BANGKOK (R) — Vietnam said lomatic and propaganda efforts to Friday that about 500,000 Chams, win support among non-aligned a largely Muslim ethnic minority nations for the rival Kampuchean government it installed after ousting the Khmer Rouge in January

> An influential number of nonaligned countries are Muslim states and the Kampuchean question is expected to be a major issue at the non-aligned summit in New Delhi in March.

puchean News Agency S.P.K., it Samrin government, and the United Nations-backed coalition led by former head of state Prince Norodom Sibanouk, which Diplomats in Bangkok did not includes the Khmer Rouge, are dispute the report but saw its tim- competing for recognition by the

U.S. boasts of 'launch on warning' against Soviets

United States has conducted exer- added. cises that show it could quickly fire nuclear missiles at the Soviet Union once early warning satellites have detected a Soviet rocket launched against the West, the air

force chief said Thursday. Gen. Charles Gabriel told reporters the exercises were intended to show Washington could implement a controversial option known as "launch on warn-

Critics, citing false alarms of attack in the past, argue that launch on warning could spark an accidental nuclear holocaust. Pentagon officials have discounted the

The Soviet news agency Novosti recently said that if new mediumrange Ú.S. nuclear weapons were deployed in Europe, Moscow might be forced to adopt launch

on warning as a firm policy.

Asked if launch on warning could be carried out. Gen. Gahriel replied: "ft can be done... obviously if you have an option you have practised it."

In response to another question, he said it would be fair to report that the Pentagon had been conducting nuclear war exercises to demonstrate the feasibility of launch on warning. This did not ation, he said.

WASHINGTON (R) - The mean it was a desirable option, he

A congressional report shows that in a recent six-month period there were over 100 false alerts of nuclear attack, including at least two that resulted in steps toward U.S. "retaliation".

In one of those alerts, B-52 pilots scrambled into their bombers, according to the report. Gen. Gabriel said the computer problems that had caused the

recent false alarms had been He said that even after the malfunctions had been corrected, the

warning system occasionally picked up signals that might suggest an attack, requiring senior officers to confer by telephone. He suggested that such conferences were routine. Gen. Gabriel said he would be

uncomfortable in recommending that the president order a launch on warning, because in the short period before Soviet missiles arrived the Pentagon would not be certain which targets the Soviets intended to hit or how large the first attack might be.

His inclination would be to "ride out" any attack on the assumption that sufficient U.S. forces would survive for retali-

Japan okays military exports to U.S.

TOKYO (R) — In a major policy change, Japan Friday opened the way for military exports to the United States after fiercely debating the issue for 18 months.

Chief Cabinet Secretary Mntoharu Gotoda said the government had decided to permit the export of weapons and military technology to the U.S. as a special exception to its policy of banning

The decision was taken just three days before Prime Minister Yasuhiro Nakasone goes to Washington for his first talks with President Reagan, expected to concentrate on trade friction and defence ties.

The government of Mr. Nakasone's predecessor, Zenko Suzuki, failed to take a decision on the U.S. request for Japanese military technology.

The request was first made in July 1981 by U.S. Defence Secretary Caspar Weinberger. The U.S. has since repeated the request but bas not given details of its requirements.

Japan, atom-bombed in 1945 and with a post-war constitution ruling out war as an instrument of policy, in 1967 banned weapons exports to Communist countries, nations involved in international conflicts, and to governments under a United Nations arms sales

But Mr. Gotoda said in a statement Friday that Japan would provide the U.S. with arms and military know-how even it became involved in a war.

He said Japan had received various assistance, including military technology, under the Washington-Tokyo security treaty and should now provide reciprocal belp in view of its technological advances.

But be stressed that only the U.S. would be exempt from ban on Japanese military exports.

Western diplomats here said the decision was a way for Mr. Nakasone to soften American criticism of Japan's import barriers which contributed to a 1982 trade surplus with the U.S. estimated at nearly \$20 billion.

NATO chief optimistic to reach nuclear agreement

THE HAGUE (R) — NATO Secretary-General Joseph Luns said Thursday the possibility of East and West agreement on nuclear weapons in Europe was growing stronger.

He told a public hearing of the Dutch parliament's defence and foreign affairs committees that recent Warsaw Pact proposals on reducing medium range missiles had positive aspects. Dr. Luns said it appeared the

Soviet Union, as part of a comprehensive agreement, was prepared to reduce the number of its SS-20 missiles in Europe. But he said Moscow would still

have an advantage over the United States in land-based medium range systems. Earlier, NATO Supreme

Commander Bernard Rogers told the committees that the alliance had to maintain adequate conventional forces to reduce the risk Gen. Rogers said Dutch forces

in West Germany were now inadequate and that the Netherlands should provide an extra army brigade. Unless Dutch forces were rem-

forced, NATO would have to resort to nuclear weapons more quickly in the event of an attack.

Soviets want Vogel to replace Kohl

Friday launched a strong attack on the West German government and indicated it would like to see it replaced by the opposition Social Democrats in the March elections.

In the first major Soviet commentary on the government of Chancellor Helmut Kohl since he came to power in September, the Communist Party daily Pravda attacked the Bonn leadership over its support for U.S. defence

It also said the administration bad tried to shift hlame for the country's economic problems on

to the Social Democrats. Pravda charged that Mr. Kohl's Christian Democratic Union (CDU) and its Bavarian sister party the Christian Social Union (CSU) were tied to the interests of big business and "in the most fervent way supported the aggressive course of Washington."

The newspaper added that the Reagan administration wanted to keep West Germany in a position of dependence. "Across the Atlantic, particular hopes in this

MANAGUA, Nicaragua (R) — Cuha and Nicaragua have pro-

duced what they say is proof of

U.S. aggression in Latin America

and Washington's efforts to

intimidate delegates discussing

the region's problems at non-

fierce campaign by Third World

hardliners to push through a final

communique containing a stinging

condemnation of the United States, blaming it for most Latin

American and Caribbean

The ministerial talks, in pre-

ctor, and other equipment

labilise Central America.

economic and political woes.

The two countries are leading a

aligned talks here.

Cuba, Nicaragua unveil

MOSCOW (R) — The Kremlin connection are connected with the coming to power in Bonn of a gov erament headed by the CDU/ CSU," it said.

The Pravda commentary came only two days after a visit to Moscow by Hans-Jochen Vogel, Social Democratic candidate for the chancellorship in the March 6 elections.

"The Reagan government looks upon the perspective of a Kohl government as an opportunity to strengthen the conservative axis of Bonn-London-Washington," it

In what Western diplomats said appeared to be an attempt to scare the West German electorate into voting for the Social Democrats, Pravda said the deployment of new American medium-range missiles in Europe 'will create fatal dangers."

The Social Democratic Party is regarded as being more flexible towards Soviet arms limitation proposals than the Christian Democrats and has urged compromise in arms talks.

details of the talks. Each aircraft costs about 90 million francs (\$14. million) with technical facilities. the spokesman said. Iran to try group

proof of U.S. aggression Washington resolution. Cuba's delegate, ambassador Lazarn Mora, told reporters the 'insulting and gross' memorandum was a U.S. attempt to divide the 97-member Non-Aligned Movement and deviate it from its real objective of exposing American imperialism.

U.S. officials here could not be contacted for comment on the purported memorandum, entitled background material to be raised at the non-aligned coordinating board meeting in Managua."

paration for non-aligned summit determine which countries should in New Delhi in March, are due to receive aid from Washington. end Friday and moderate states Nicaraguan officials said this are trying to have the com-munique toned down. was an implied threat that U.S. aid

to non-aligned states hinged on Nicaragua called a press con-ference while the talks were going Thursday to display captured U.S. the position they adopted at the Managua conference. Some moderate delegation weapons, three captured Nicara-

sources said they saw nothing guan rightists, a Honduran army sinister about the memorandum and dismissed the Cuban charges which it said represented "positive as out of proportion.
proof" of U.S. efforts to des-The Honduran army defector, a

abilise Central America. corporal, put on show by Nicara-On Thursday night, Cuba gua said U.S. and Argentine militreleased what it said was a copy of ary advisers in Honduras were a U.S. memorandum aimed at training, arming and directing intimidating some non-aligned right wing Nicaraguans trying to delegations who might be con- overthrow the leftist government sidering voting for an anti- in Managua.

List of 7,000 disappeared Argentinians made public

of more than 7,000 names of people said to have disappeared in Argentina in recent years was presented to the press Friday by Cardinal Paulo Evaristo Arns, Archbishop of Sao Paulo.

The list is the result of two and a half years' research by Clamor. the Sao Paulo Archdiocese Committee for the defence of human rights in the southern cone of South America. It contains over 1,000 more names than a list published by the Argentine permanent assembly for human rights and about 3,000 more than Amnesty International's list.

Clamor said the additional names were sent in by relatives and by groups of Argentine refugees in Mexico and Europe. and were checked with a least two independent sources before inclu-

"We published this list so that others do not disappear," Cardinal Arns told reporters. "For me, the disappearance of defencehands of authorities is the worst disgrace in the history of the

Argentine hůman rights lawyer Augusto Conte Mac Donnell told Brazil since 1964.

SAO PAULO, Brazil (R) - A list the press conference that the true number of people who had disappeared in Argentina since 1976

> Clamor total. Many of those who disappeared did so during the military government's campaign against left-wing urban guerrillas.

was at least 15,000, twice the

But Cardinal Arns said people were still disappearing. He showed reporters a telegram he received from the mother of Peronist activist Ricardo Rene Haidar, denouncing the alleged seizure and subsequent disappearance of her son in Buenos Aires between Dec. 18 and 20.

Cardinal Arns said that he will personally present Pope John Paul with the clamor list during an audience in Rome on Saturday.

Although the huge majority are Argentines, Clamor lists people of 26 other nationalities said to have disappeared, including Americans, British, frish, Germans, French, Spanish, Italians less people while they are in the and Uruguayans. The list also names 119 children.

Cardinal Arns also gave reporters with a list of 12g political prisoners said to have disappeared in

Mujahedeen opposition group, fled the country in July 1981 aboard an airforce jet. They now The document displayed by Cuba said the U.S. had a right to live in exile in Paris.

Turkey of

BEfRUT (R) - An Armenian party has accused the Turkish its leaders in Beirut in December Tashnae Party, believed to be the largest of three political groups community, said in a statement it accused the Turkish government of organising and realising through its special services the Acbdijian. The statement named on Dec. 29, as a member of the central committee of the Tashnag Party in Lebanon. Armenians. whose traditional homeland lies in areas now part of Turkey and the Soviet Union, accuse the Turkish

Rebel colonel

SAN SALVADOR (R) - An army colonel who staged a fiveday mutiny in El Salvador is to attend a course at a military collége in Washington, informed sources said Thursday. Col. Sigifredo Ochoa Perez, commander of the northern province of Cabanas. rebelled last week and demanded the resignation of the defence minister in protest against an order posting him to Uruguay as military attache. President Alvaro Magana announced the end of the rebellion Thursday but gave no details about the colonel's future. . The sources said that under a compromise worked out in talks with Salvadorean commanders. Col. Ochoa would go to Washington to study at the Inter-American Defence Council, one of six war

Doctors trying to save life of rabies victim

WALTHAM, Massachusetts (R)

- Doctors are trying to save the life of an architect who caught. rables when his dog bit him in. West Africa, by injecting the controversial cancer drug mterferon into his brain, doctors at Waltham Hospital said Thursday. David Duhme, the attending doctor, said the 30-year-old man, whose family does not want his name disclosed, has a very poor chance of surviving. Interferon is based on a protein that occurs naturally in the human body. It has been used against rables only once before, . and then unsuccessfully, on an Arizona man who had been bitten by a dog.

RAF pilot 'forgot carrying live missiles'

WILDENRATH, West Germany (R) — The pilot of a Royal Air Force (RAF) fighter who shot down another British plane over West Germany last May said Thursday he had forgotten his air-

craft was carrying live missiles. Flight-Lieutenant Roy Lawrence, 35, who is facing a court martial at the RAF Wildenrath base accused of negligently firing a sidewinder missile, said he had been briefed that he would be flying with live weapons.

However, circumstances conspired to make him think he was on a normal training exercise as he homed in for a "simulated kill" on an RAF Jaguar fighter. It was only when he pulled the

trigger and the sidewinder left his Christopher Eadie. cross-Phantom that he remembered the plane was armed.

The missile hit the sevenmillion-sterling (\$11.2-million) Jaguar causing it to crash. The pilot. Flight-Lieutenant Stephen Griggs, baled safely.
In evidence Wednesday, Fit.-

Lt. Lawrence said ground crew had not fitted masking tape over the master arms switch controlling the aircraft's weapons systems because none was available. A camera normally fitted in the cockpit to film simulated kills was

also in position. Ground control had not reminded him that he was armed. happen." The prosecutor, Group Capt.

examining, asked him Thursday: At the time you fired a missile had you completely forgotten you were flying with live weapons?" Flt.-Lt. Lawrence replied:

Yes, sir." Group Capt. Eadie asked him: "As the Captain of this aircraft you bad the responsibility to fly safely and ensure its systems operated safely."

Again he replied: "Yes, sir". The prosecutor added: "And you failed in that duty?" Flt.-Lt. Lawrence replied: "The fact that a missile came off my

plane obviously was not meant to Two other experienced pilots

called for the defence said they had been involved in incidents in which live missiles almost went off by accident.

Flt.-Lt. Martin Johnson said he went on a mission from Wildenrath carrying live weapons a month after the Jaguar was shot down. He prepared to fire a missile before being reminded suddenly by the tape over the master switch that bis aircraft was fully

Squadron-Leader Richard Gloombridge, officer in charge of training new Phantom pilots, said be forgot he was carrying live missiles during a 1975 exercise. He pressed the trigger, but the missile did not fire because a safety key

was in position.

Modifications to the missile since then meant the key could no longer be left in the missile when it is airborne. He said pilots were trained to

carry out as many procedures as possible automatically, to leave them time to cope with unpredictable circumstances. Piloting a Phantom was like "watching television, driving a

car, reading a book and doing your thirteen times table at the same time," he said. The navigator of the Phantom involved in last May's incident. Flt.-Lt. Alastair Inverarity, 38, is

della lisa

also before the court on similar

reported Thursday. Quoting officials at Tehran's revolutionary military court. IRNA said the trial would begin in two weeks, it did not say how many people were involved. Mr. Bani-Sadr and Massoud Rajavi, leader of the leftist

BRIEF

PARfS (R) - Greece is negotiat-

ing with France for a multi-million

dollar purchase of about 20 advanced Mirage 2000 fighter air-

craft, military sources said here

Thursday. They said a delegation

from the state-controlled Marcel

Dassault company was in Athens

to work out an agreement and

Greece was likely to make a dcci-

sion in a few months. A Dassault

spokesman said negotiations with

Greece, as well as with China,

time to buy the new plane, were

planes involved and gave no

Bani-Sadr's escape

LONDON (R) - Iranian

authorities are 10 try a group of people accused of being involved

in former President Abol Hassan

Bani-Sadr's escape from Iran, the

national news agency IRNA

involved in

which has been pressing for some

going slower than expected. He did not indicate the number of

Greece may buy

20 Mirage planes

from France

Armenians accuse kidnapping leader

government of kidnapping one of and demanded his safe return. The among Lebanon's Armenian kidnapping of Mr. Abraham Mr. Achdijian, who disappeared government of massacring 1.5 million of their people during and after the World War 1. Successive Turkish governments have denied the charge.

to attend courses in U.S.

colleges in the United States.